



ANNUAL REPORT

2013

# Contents

Notice of Annual General Meeting 2
Corporate Information 4
Corporate Structure 5
Profile of Directors 6
Chairman's Statement 9
Group Financial Highlights 11
Corporate Social Responsibility 12
Corporate Governance Statement 13
Audit Committee Report 17
Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control 19
Other Information 20
Financial Statements 21
Properties Held 65
Statistical Report 67
Form of Proxy

# Our Vision

To become a recognised leader in the steel distribution industry by being a first-choice supplier of steel and non-ferrous products serving the needs of the engineering, fabrication and construction sectors.

# Our Mission

Providing customers with quality products and services.

Broadening our range and value-added activities.

Assuming good corporate social responsibility.

Rewarding all stakeholders equitably.

### **Notice of Annual General Meeting**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Second Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Function Room 2, Mezzanine Floor, Setia City Convention Centre, No. 1, Jalan Setia Dagang AG U13/AG, Setia Alam Seksyen U13, 40170 Shah Alam, Selangor on Friday, 28 June 2013 at 9.30 a.m. to transact the following business:

#### **AGENDA**

#### As Ordinary Business:

- 1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring in accordance with Article 106 of the Company's Articles of Association:
  - (i) Tay Kim Chuan Resolution 1
  - (ii) Oh Pooi Foon Resolution 2
- 3. To re-elect the following Directors who are retiring in accordance with Article 101 of the Company's Articles of Association:
  - (i) Oh Chiew Ho
    (ii) Oh Yung Sim

    Resolution 3

    Resolution 4
- 4. To pass the following Ordinary Resolution:

"THAT pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof be re-appointed as a Director of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting."

Resolution 5

5. To approve the payment of Directors' fees not exceeding RM333,000 per annum.

Resolution 6

6. To re-appoint Messrs. SJ Grant Thornton as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

Resolution 7

#### 7. SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

#### Proposed Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 and subject always to the approval of the relevant authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue shares in the capital of the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company."

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

Proposed Authority for the Company to purchase its own shares of up to 10% of the Issued and Paid-Up Share Capital ("Proposed Share Buy-Back")

"THAT the Company be and is hereby authorised to purchase such amount of ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in the Company ("AYS Shares") as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time through Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company provided that the aggregate number of AYS Shares purchased pursuant to this resolution or held as treasury shares does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at the time of purchase;

THAT the maximum amount of funds to be utilised for the purpose of the Proposed Share Buy-Back shall not exceed the Company's aggregate retained profits and/or share premium account;

THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to decide at their discretion, as may be permitted and prescribed by prevailing laws, rules, regulations, orders and guideline and requirements issued by any relevant authorities for the time being in force to deal with any AYS Shares so prescribed by the Company in the following manner:-

(i) to cancel the AYS Shares so purchased; or

- (ii) to retain the AYS Shares so purchased as treasury shares for distribution as share dividends to the shareholders of AYS and/or be resold through Bursa Securities in accordance with the relevant rules of Bursa Securities and/or be cancelled subsequently; or
- (iii) combination of (i) and (ii) above;

THAT the authority conferred by this resolution will be effective immediately from the passing of this Ordinary Resolution until:-

- (i) the conclusion of the Company's next AGM following the general meeting at which such resolution was passed at which time the authority would lapse unless renewed by ordinary resolution;
- (ii) the passing of the date on which the Company's next AGM is required by law to be held; or
- (iii) the authority is revoked or varied by ordinary resolution that the shareholders pass in general meeting;

whichever occurs first.

AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby authorised to take all steps as are necessary and/or to do all such acts and things as the Directors deem fit and expedient in the interest of the Company to give full effect to the aforesaid Proposed Share Buy-Back with full powers to assent to any condition, modification, variation and/or amendment (if any) as may be imposed by the relevant authorities."

Resolution 9

By Order of the Board

Leong Oi Wah (MAICSA 7023802) Company Secretary

Klang 6 June 2013

#### Notes:

- 1. A member of the company who is entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or being appointed as a proxy for another member or in the case of a corporation a duly authorised representative to attend and to vote in his stead.
- 2. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company and Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply.
- 3. A member may appoint more than 2 proxies to attend and the proxies shall not be valid unless the member specifies the proportion of his securities holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing under the hands of the appointed or of his attorney duly authorized in writing or, if such be executed appointed is a corporation under its common seal or the hand of its attorney.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be left at the Share Registrar's office at Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur at least 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting.
- 6. Depositors who appear in the Record of Depositors as at 21 June 2013 shall be regarded as Member of the Company entitled to attend the Second Annual General Meeting or appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his behalf.

#### NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS

(i) Resolution No. 8

The proposed Ordinary Resolution will give powers to the Directors to issue up to a maximum ten per centum (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being for such purposes as the Directors would consider in the best interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the Company at a general meeting, will expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The general mandate sought for issue of securities is a new mandate. The general mandate is to provide flexibility to the Company to issue new securities without the need to convene separate general meeting to obtain its shareholders' approval so as to avoid incurring additional cost and time. The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund raising exercises including but not limited to further placement of shares for purpose of funding current and/or future investment projects, working capital and/or acquisitions.

(ii) Resolution No. 9

Please refer to the Circular to shareholders dated 6 June 2013 for further information.

## **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Haji Mohd. Sharif Bin Haji Yusof Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Oh Chiew Ho Group Managing Director

Oh Yung Sim Executive Director

Chang Chee Seng Executive Director

Seow Nyoke Yoong Independent Non-Executive Director

Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad Independent Non-Executive Director

Tay Kim Chuan (appointed on 1.12.2012) Executive Director

Oh Pooi Foon (appointed on 1.12.2012) Executive Director

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Haji Mohd. Sharif Bin Haji Yusof (Chairman) Independent Non-Executive Director

Seow Nyoke Yoong (Member) Independent Non-Executive Director

Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad (Member) Independent Non-Executive Director

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Seow Nyoke Yoong (Chairman) Independent Non-Executive Director

Haji Mohd. Sharif Bin Haji Yusof (Member) Independent Non-Executive Director

Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad (Member) Independent Non-Executive Director

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Seow Nyoke Yoong (Chairman) Independent Non-Executive Director

Haji Mohd. Sharif Bin Haji Yusof (Member) Independent Non-Executive Director

Oh Chiew Ho (Member) Group Managing Director

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Leong Oi Wah (MAICSA 7023802)

#### HEAD OFFICE

Lot 6488, Lorong Sungai Puloh Off 6th Mile, Jalan Kapar 42100 Klang, Selangor Tel. No.: 03 - 3377 5597

Fax No.: 03 - 3377 5500 Website: www.ays-group.com

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

802, 8th Floor Block C, Kelana Square 17, Jalan SS 7/26 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Tel. No.: 03 - 7803 1126

Fax No.: 03 - 7806 2116

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

AmBank (M) Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad Maybank Islamic Berhad RHB Bank Berhad United Overseas Bank (M) Berhad

#### **AUDITORS**

SJ Grant Thornton (Member of Grant Thornton International Ltd) Chartered Accountants Level 11, Sheraton Imperial Court Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Sdn Bhd Level 17, The Gardens North Tower Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

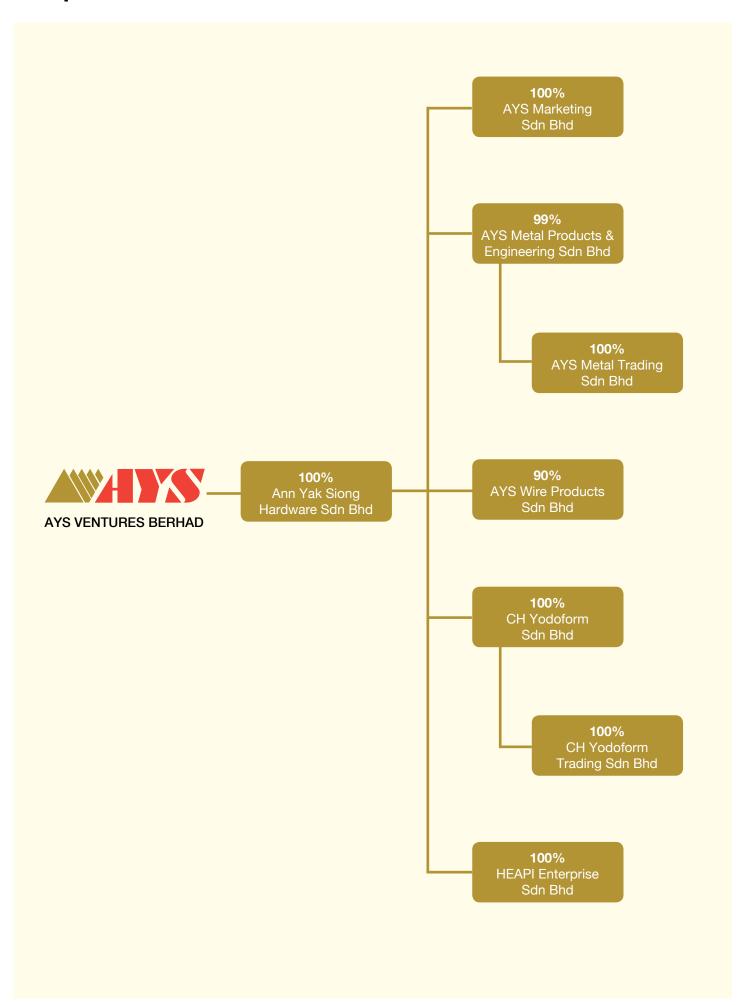
Tel. No.: 03 - 2264 3883 Fax No.: 03 - 2282 1886

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock name : AYS Stock Code : 5021

# Corporate Structure as at 06 June 2013



### **Profile of the Board of Directors**

**Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof**, aged 74, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Chairman of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, England & Wales, Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Association of Certified Public Accountants.

He started his career with the Selangor State Government Service in 1967 as an Accountant, Jabatan Kerja Raya. He was a Corporate Accountant with the Selangor State Development Corporation (now known as Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Selangor) from 1968 to 1972. In 1973, he joined Anglo Oriental Sdn Bhd, a tin mining management company as a Senior Accountant and in 1974 he joined Bumiputra Merchant Bankers Berhad (now known as CIMB Investment Bank Berhad) as a Corporate Finance Officer. In 1977, he joined British American Life & General Insurance Co. Bhd (now known as Manulife Insurance (Malaysia) Berhad) as a Vice President, Finance and retired in 1989 as a Senior Vice President, Finance cum Company Secretary. He is currently the Senior Independent Non-Executive Director of Ireka Corporation Berhad and also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Atlan Holdings Berhad and Axis REIT Managers Berhad.

Tuan Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof has no shareholdings in the Company and its related companies. He has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company nor any conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.

Oh Chiew Ho, aged 66, a Malaysian, was appointed as the Group Managing Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. He is the co-founder of AYS Group and has been the key driving force in steering the corporate direction and growth of the AYS Group besides overseeing the overall operations of Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn Bhd (AYSH) since its inception. In 1964, at the age of 19, he joined Hiap Bee Hardware Sdn Bhd as a general helper in the warehouse/store department until 1978, where he moved over to Choo Bee Hardware (KL) Sdn Bhd and was in charge of storekeeping, sales and procurement. With his hard work and dedication, he mastered the trade and built-up good rapport with key customers and suppliers.

In 1982, Mr Oh Chiew Ho co-founded AYSH, started his business in supplying steel and hardware products. In 1993, due to the high demand for construction materials following the economic boom, he incorporated AYS Marketing Sdn Bhd to venture into trading and marketing of building and construction materials. In 1994, he incorporated AYS Metal Products & Engineering Sdn Bhd to manufacture panels and components for sectional tanks. In 1996, he set up CH Yodoform Sdn Bhd to manufacture purlins, steel frames for doors and window. He later established AYS Wire Products Sdn Bhd in 1997 to venture into the business of manufacturing and trading of wire products and expanded its business in 1998 to include wire drawing, straightening, bending and cutting of wire rods and manufacturing of wire mesh products in 2001. Under



the leadership of Mr Oh Chiew Ho, AYSH has grown to be one of the leading traders of steel and construction materials in Malaysia.

Mr Oh Chiew Ho's shareholdings in the Company and its related companies is disclosed on page 67 of this Annual Report. He is the father of Mr Oh Yung Sim and Ms Oh Pooi Foon. He has no conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.

Oh Yung Sim, aged 39, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. He graduated from University of Luton, UK in 2000 with a Bachelor of Degree in Commerce, majoring in Business Administration and Marketing.

He joined AYSH in 2000 as an Assistant to Group General Manager. He has been working on improving the productivity and efficiency of the AYS Group's operations especially in the areas of information technology and corporate development.

Mr Oh Yung Sim's shareholdings in the Company and its related companies is disclosed on page 67 of this Annual Report. He is the son of Mr Oh Chiew Ho and brother of Ms Oh Pooi Foon. He has no conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.



Chang Chee Seng, aged 62, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. He has been the Group General Manager of the AYS Group since March 2007. He graduated from University of Westminster, London with a Bachelor of Engineering (First Class Honours) degree in Mechanical Engineering in 1976. In 1977, he graduated from the University of London with a Masters Degree in Management Science.

He started his career in 1977 with the MBF Holdings group of companies and subsequently joined TDM Bhd in the corporate planning field. In 1981, he joined the Lion Group and held various positions in the Lion Group including Materials Manager for Amsteel Corporation Berhad, Head of the cement marketing company, Simen Dagangan Sdn Bhd, General Manager of Bright Steel Sdn Bhd, a producer of cold finished steel bars and steel coil centre, Head of Commercial and Administration Division of Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd, an Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Sabah Forest Industries Sdn Bhd, Sales Director of Amsteel Mills Sdn Bhd, Marketing Director of Megasteel Sdn Bhd and Managing Director of Lion Forest Industries Bhd. In 2005, he joined Malayawata Steel Bhd as an Executive Vice President and was an Executive Director until February 2007 whereupon he relinquished his portfolio in Malayawata Steel Bhd (now known as Ann Joo Steel Bhd) to join the AYS Group.



Mr Chang Chee Seng has no shareholdings in the Company and its related companies. He has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company nor any conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.

**Seow Nyoke Yoong**, aged 51, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. She graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce degree from University of New South Wales, Australia in 1984 and went on to complete a Bachelor of Law degree from University of Melbourne, Australia in 1985. She is currently a senior partner of a legal firm and an Independent Non-Executive Director of CYL Corporation Berhad.

Ms Seow Nyoke Yoong has no shareholdings in the Company and its related companies. She has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company nor any conflict of interest with the Company. She attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.



Mohamad Fazlin bin Mohamad, aged 40, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 17 November 2011. He graduated from the University of Huddersfield in 1995 with a LLB (Hons) Degree.

He started his career with KPMG as a Consulting Assistant in 1996 and remained with KPMG until 2004 where he left as a Managing Consultant. He joined Pharmaniaga Berhad in 2004 as Manager, Business Development and was later promoted to Senior Manager Business Development and Corporate Strategy. He has also held positions in the Indonesian Operations and Middle East Operations of Pharmaniaga Berhad. In 2012, he resigned as the Senior Manager and Head of Vendor Development in Pharmaniaga Berhad to venture on his own business as a Director in Magnus Force Sdn Bhd and Agensi Pekerjaan Intercity Sdn Bhd.

En Mohamad Fazlin bin Mohamad has no shareholdings in the Company and its related companies. He has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company nor any conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.



### Profile of the Board of Directors cont'd

**Tay Kim Chuan**, aged 53, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 1 December 2012. He is a Chartered Management Accountant (an Associate member of the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants, UK) and a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Upon his graduation from College Tunku Abdul Rahman in the School of Business Studies in 1984, he briefly served in a palm oil milling and plantation company before he joined Bright Steel Sdn. Bhd. as an Accountant in 1985. In 1988 he moved on to the then newly formed Anshin Group until 1997 when he was transferred to serve the holding company in the Ann Joo Group. During his tenure serving companies in the steel sector he has accumulated management experience in the financial and corporate services area. He resigned as the Group Financial Controller of Ann Joo Resources Berhad in 2007 to venture on his own in the field of management services which business he has since relinquished prior to joining AYS Group.

Mr Tay Kim Chuan has no shareholdings in the Company and its related companies. He has no family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholder of the Company nor any conflict of interest with the Company. He attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year after his appointment and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.



Oh Pooi Foon, aged 33, a Malaysian, was appointed as an Executive Director of AYS Ventures Berhad on 1 December 2012. She graduated from Melbourne University, Australia in 2003 with a Bachelor of Physiotherapy.

Upon graduation in 2003, she worked in a hospital in Melbourne as physiotherapist before joining AYSH in 2005 as a Purchasing Executive. In 2009, she was promoted to the position of Procurement Director and is responsible for formulating and evaluating procurement strategies, developing and implementing procurement policies and procedures, analysing trends and market conditions including sourcing, negotiating and entering into contracts with local and overseas suppliers. In 2012, she was promoted to Operation Director and is responsible for the overall operations of AYSH.

Ms Oh Pooi Foon's shareholdings in the Company and its related companies is disclosed on page 67 of this Annual Report. She is the daughter of Mr Oh Chiew Ho and sister of Mr Oh Yung Sim and has no conflict of interest with the Company. She attended all the Board Meetings held during the financial year after her appointment and has no conviction for any offences within the past 10 years, other than traffic offences, if any.



### **Chairman's Statement**

#### Dear Valued Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report of AYS Ventures Berhad ("AYS" or "the Company") for the financial year ended 31st March 2013.

#### Financial Review

I am pleased to report that the Company registered a commendable performance for the financial year ended 31st March 2013. Both the trading and manufacturing divisions contributed positively to the result of the Company.

For the financial year under review, the Company registered a revenue of RM648.779 million, an increase of RM113.450 million or 21.19% from the proforma revenue in the previous financial year.

Trading division's revenue increased by RM112.149 million to RM591.480 million for the financial year under review, an increase of 23.40% comparing to that of the proforma financial year of 2012. The improved revenue was mainly attributed to the higher infrastructure and construction activities domestically that lead to an enhanced market demand. As for the manufacturing division, the revenue increased by RM1.301 million or 2.32% to RM57.299 million in the financial year 2013 mainly due to higher sales volume in its products.



Profit before taxation for the year under review amounted to RM14.964 million, a decrease of RM8.492 million or 36.20% from that in the proforma profit before taxation in the previous financial year. The lower profit before taxation was primarily due to the one off non-recurrence expenses in relation to the listing exercise on impairment of goodwill and transaction costs of RM5.803 million and RM2.357 million, respectively. The normalized profit before taxation without these one-off expenses would be RM23.124 million compared to the proforma profit before taxation in the previous financial year of RM23.456 million. The Group's performance was affected by competitive pricing of steel products as a resultant of the oversupply of steel products worldwide and subdued global economic situation.

The profit before taxation for the Trading division reduced to RM20.173 million from that of the proforma financial year of 2012 of RM21.037 million, mainly due to intense competition resultant from an oversupply situation globally. The profit before taxation for the Manufacturing division increased to RM3.674 million mainly due to lower inputs cost.



During the financial year, the Company undertook a revaluation exercise on its land and buildings by independent qualified valuers. This resulted in the credit of net revaluation surplus amounting to RM27.330 million to Retained Profit; recognition of Revaluation Surplus net of deferred taxation and Fair Value Adjustment in the comprehensive income statement amounted to RM9.718 million and RM1.228 million, respectively.

Incorporating the current year operation performance and that of the revaluation exercise, as at financial year ended 31st March 2013, the Company's shareholders fund has increased by 25.03% to RM198.131 million compared to that of the proforma financial year of 2012, while debt to equity ratio has increased to 1.13 times from that of 1.02 times in the proforma financial year of 2012 reflecting the higher value of inventory holding while the inventory holding days remains almost unchanged.

#### **Review of Operations**

The subsidiaries of the Company are primarily involved in engineering steel and building materials as a downstream player in the supply chain of the steel industry.

The financial year 2013 is indeed a very challenging year for the global steel industry as the economic slowdown in advance nations and a less favorable economic growth in the world largest producing nation of steel has resulted in a general oversupply of steel products worldwide. However fiscal stimulus programs initiated by our Government under the Economic Transformation Program and the Tenth Malaysia Plan have had a positive impact of improving infrastructure and construction activities and lifted demand sentiments which helped to improve our revenue.



### Chairman's Statement cont'd

#### **Outlook and Prospects**

Looking forward the world steel market has shown positive sign of recovery. The various infrastructure based stimulus packages by government worldwide has accelerated the recovery momentum which in turn will spur demand for steel products and thus curb the pressure of oversupply to a certain extend.

In the highly volatile steel industry, oversupply remains one of the key factors in the price fluctuation beside other factors such as cost of production. However we shall continue to closely monitor the market trends/sentiments and we are determined to remain competitive with our asset-light business model and deploying aggressive marketing strategies. Overall, the Company is expecting a satisfactory performance for the coming financial year of 2014.



#### Corporate Development

On 09 May 2012, AYS was admitted to the Official List of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and the entire AYS Shares was listed on the Main Market of Bursa Securities following the completion of the restructuring scheme of NV Multi Corporation Berhad ("NV Multi") where AYS would assume the listing status of NV Multi via a reverse take-over ("Restructuring Scheme").

On 22 May 2013, the Company announced the proposal to undertake a special issue of up to 54,345,380 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each in AYS, representing approximately 12.5% of the enlarged issued and paid-up share capital of the Company, to Bumiputera investors to be identified and/or approved by the Ministry of International Trade and Industry. The Securities Commission Malaysia ("SC") had via its approval letter dated 23 December 2011 approved the Restructuring Scheme subject to the conditions which, amongst others, require AYS to rectify the shortfall between the actual Bumiputera equity interests upon listing and the prescribed equity requirement of 12.5% within 1 year after the completion of the Restructuring Scheme which was on 6 June 2012 ("Bumiputera Equity Condition"). An application was also submitted to the SC to seek an extension of time for AYS to comply with the Bumiputera Equity Condition.





#### Dividend

The Company has paid a first single tier interim dividend of 1.0 sen per share in respect of the financial year ended 31st March 2013 amounting to RM3.804 million on the 28th February 2013.

Having taken into account the performance of the financial year, the Board has elected to maintain adequate funds to meet the operation requirement and to build a healthy capital base for future profitability. Thus no final dividend will be proposed in respect of the financial year ended 31st March 2013.

#### Acknowledgment

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I take this opportunity to welcome Mr Tay Kim Chuan and Ms Oh Pooi Foon as Executive Directors to the Board.

I also would like to extend my heartfelt gratitude to all our stakeholders for their continued support, guidance and assistance extended to the Company. The Board would also like to express its appreciation to the management teams and all employees for their hard work and dedication.

# Group Financial Highlights for the Financial Year Ended 31st March 2013

	RM'000
Revenue	648,779
Profit Before Tax	14,964
Profit After Tax	9,567
Profit Attributable To Owners Of The Company	9,551
Total Equity Attributable To Owners Of The Company	198,131
Net Assets Per Share (sen)	53.0
Earnings Per Share (sen)	2.58
Net Dividend	3,804
Dividend Per Share (sen)	1.00

#### Note:

No comparative figures are presented as this is the first year financial report on consolidated basis being prepared after the listing of the Company on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on 09 May 2012.

### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

AYS Ventures Berhad ("the Company") and its subsidiaries believe in striking a balance between maximizing value for its shareholders and fulfilling their social responsibilities to other stakeholders at large, as ultimately effective corporate social responsibility can deliver benefits to all stakeholders, including the shareholders in the Company.

The Company will always endeavor to discharge its corporate social responsibility diligently to the environment, the market place, its staff, the shareholders, the community and such other related stakeholders alike.

#### **Environment**

Although the key business activities of the Company do not directly operate in an environmentally sensitive operation, the Company inter alia trades in products which can be recycled and are mostly originated from the recycle materials such as scrap metal. The Company also actively encourages a culture of recycling and energy saving amongst its staff to minimize any negative impact to the environment. The Company installed in its premise some solar-powered street lighting to instill the go-green conscious amongst its staff.

#### **Market Place**

The management team and staff in the Company are expected to maintain the highest standards of propriety, integrity and conduct in all their business relationships and the Company is held to the same standard in its compliance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The Company also supplies the market with quality products and engages in ethical procurement practices besides maintaining quality services and business offerings.

The Company also ensures that stakeholders are kept informed of the performance of the Company and have open channels for dialogues during general meetings and feedback on its website.

#### Welfare of Staff

The Company regards its staff as the most valuable asset that contribute to its success. The Company thus continues to groom its staff towards realizing their fullest potential with developing and upgrading skills, knowledge and attitudes enhancing process, the Company provides in-house as well as external training programmes to enhance its staff's job-related skills, knowledge and experience. The Company also offers attractive employment benefits which are predefined besides organizing sports and other outing activities as a way to encourage its staff to embrace a healthier lifestyle and to foster better relationship among its staff.

#### Community

The Company remains sensitive to the needs of the community it operates in and involved in giving back to society by supporting the local charities and schools with donations during the financial year.

### **Corporate Governance Statement**

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of AYS VENTURES BERHAD ("the Company") recognises that the exercise of good corporate governance in conducting the affairs of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") is the key component for the Group's continuing progress and success as these would not only safeguard and enhance shareholders' value but also provide some assurance that the interests of the other stakeholders are preserved. The Group will continue to endeavour to comply with all the key Principles and Best Practices of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 ("the Code") in its effort to observe high standards of transparency, accountability and integrity.

The following paragraphs describe how the Group has applied the Principles of the Code and how the Board has complied with the Recommendations set out in the Code for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Directors bring a broad range of skills, experiences and knowledge required to successfully direct and supervise the Group's business activities. The Company is led and managed by an experienced Board comprising members with a wide range of experience in relevant fields such as entrepreneurship, manufacturing, marketing, business development, finance, accounting and legal. As part of the governance process, the Company will be adopting a Board Charter.

#### **Board Composition and Balance**

The Board currently comprises of an Independent Non-Executive Chairman, a Group Managing Director, four (4) Executive Directors and two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Board composition complies with the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad that requires at least one-third of the Board to comprise of independent directors.

The roles of the Chairman of the Board and Group Managing Director are segregated. The Chairman is primarily responsible for the proper conduct and working of the Board whilst the Group Managing Director is responsible for the day-to-day running of the business and implementation of Board policies and decisions.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company are independent of management and free from any business relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their judgement. They provide guidance, unbiased, fully balanced and independent views, advice and judgement to many aspects of the Group's strategy so as to safeguard the interests of minority shareholders and to ensure that the highest standards of conduct and integrity were maintained by the Group. As the Company was only listed in 2012, the tenure of the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company are still well below the 9 years limit as recommended in the Code. At this juncture, the Company has not adopted any policy on limiting the tenure of the Independent Non-Executive Directors and will consider this at a later stage.

The Board has also appointed the Independent Non-Executive Chairman, Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof, as the Senior Independent Director to whom concerns may be conveyed.

#### **Board Responsibilities**

The Board members exercise due diligence and care in discharging their duties and responsibilities to ensure that high ethical standards are applied, through compliance with the relevant rules and regulations, directives and guidelines in addition to adopting the best practices in the Code and act in the best interest of the Group and shareholders.

The Board retains full and effective control of the Group and has developed corporate objectives and position descriptions including the limits to management's responsibilities, which the Executive Directors are aware and are responsible for meeting. The decision making of the overall Group strategy and direction, investment policy, major capital expenditures, consideration of significant financial matters and review of the financial and operating performance of the Group is reserved to the Board.

The principal risk of all aspects of the business that the Group is engaged in is recognized by the Board. As business decisions require the incurrence of risk, the Board has in place systems that effectively monitor and manage these risks with a view to the long term viability of the Group. This is to achieve a proper balance between risks incurred and potential returns to shareholders.

In discharging its fiduciary duties, the Board has delegated specific tasks to three (3) Board Committees namely the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. All the Board Committees have its own terms of reference and has the authority to act on behalf of the Board within the authority as lay out in the terms of reference and to report to the Board with the necessary recommendation.

As certain Board functions are delegated to Management, the Board ensures Management is of the highest caliber and has in place programmes to train and develop Management and also provide for the orderly succession of Management.

The Board recognises the importance to devote sufficient time and efforts to carry out their duties and responsibilities and has committed to this requirement at the time of their appointment. A Director of the Company is at liberty to accept other Board appointments so long as the appointment is not in conflict with the business of the Company and does not affect his performance as a Director. None of the Directors of the Company hold more than 5 directorships in public listed companies.

### Corporate Governance Statement cont'd

#### Supply of Information

An agenda together with the relevant papers covering quantitative and qualitative information are distributed to all Directors within a week of the scheduled meetings. The Board members are provided with comprehensive explanation of pertinent issues and recommendations by the Management and issues would then be deliberated and discussed thoroughly by the Board prior to decision-making. The Board members are also updated on the Group's activities and its operations on a regular basis. All Directors have access to all information of the Company on a timely basis whether as a full board or in their individual capacity in an appropriate form and quality necessary to enable them to discharge their duties and responsibilities.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and to obtain independent professional advice, whenever necessary, at the expense of the Company.

#### **Board Meetings**

There were four (4) Board of Directors' Meetings held during the financial year ended 31 March 2013. Details of the attendance of the Directors at the Board of Directors' Meetings are as follows:-

DIRECTORS	Total meetings attended	PERCENTAGE OF ATTENDANCE (%)
Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof	4/4	100
Seow Nyoke Yoong	4/4	100
Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad	4/4	100
Oh Chiew Ho	4/4	100
Oh Yung Sim	4/4	100
Chang Chee Seng	4/4	100
Tay Kim Chuan (Appointed on 1.12.2012)	1/1	100
Oh Pooi Foon (Appointed on 1.12.2012)	1/1	100

The Board meets at least four times a year and as and when it is necessary. Due notice of matters to be discussed are provided to the Board before the meetings are held. The proceedings, deliberations and conclusions made by the Board are properly recorded in the minutes of meetings kept by the Company and confirmed by the Board and signed by the Chairman of the meeting.

#### Appointment to the Board

A Nomination Committee has been established by the Board comprising wholly of Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:

Seow Nyoke Yoong

Chairman (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof

Member (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad

Member (Independent Non-Executive Director)

The Committee is generally responsible to:-

- (a) Examine the size of the Board with a view to determine the number of Directors on the Board in relation to its effectiveness.
- (b) Review annually its required mix of skills and experience and other qualities, including core competencies which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board and disclose the same in the Annual Report.
- (c) Recommend suitable orientation, educational and training programmes to continuously train and equip the existing and new Directors.
- (d) Recommend to the Board, candidates for all directorships to be filled by the shareholders or the Board taking into consideration the skills, knowledge, expertise and experience; professionalism; integrity of the candidate; and in the case of candidates for position of independent non-executive directors, the Committee should also evaluate the candidates' ability to discharge such responsibilities/ functions as expected from independent non-executive directors.
- (e) Formalise a transparent procedure for proposing new nominees and recommending on the suitability of candidates nominated for appointment to the Board and to fill the seats of the Audit, Nomination, Remuneration and other Committees.
- (f) Assess annually the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, the committees of the Board and the contribution of each individual director based on the process implemented by the Board.

The Board is entitled to the services of the Company Secretary who would ensure that all appointments are properly made upon obtaining all necessary information from the Directors. All the assessments and evaluations carried out during the year was properly documented and minuted by the Company Secretary.

The Nomination Committee met once during the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### Re-election

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, one-third (1/3) of the Board of Directors for the time being or if their number is not three (3) or multiples of three (3), then the number nearest to one-third (1/3) shall retire from office at each annual general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election.

#### **Directors' Training**

All the Directors who were appointed have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme as required under the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and a visit to the manufacturing plant was included as part of the induction programme for the Directors. The Board was briefed by Management on the operations and policies of the Company to familiarize themselves with the Company's business. A number of Directors also attended external training courses and programmes.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

For the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Remuneration Committee established by the Board comprised majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors, as follows:-

Seow Nyoke Yoong

Chairman (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof

Oh Chiew Ho

Chairman (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Member (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Member (Group Managing Director)

The Remuneration Committee shall ensure that the levels of remuneration are sufficient to attract and retain directors of the quality required to manage the business of the Group. The Remuneration Committee is entrusted under its terms of reference to assist the Board, amongst others, to recommend to the Board the remuneration of the executive directors, by linking their rewards to corporate and individual performance with the director concerned abstaining from deliberations and voting on decisions in respect of his remuneration package. In the case of non-executive directors, the level of remuneration shall reflect the experience and level of responsibilities undertaken by the non-executive directors concerned and is determined by the Board as a whole.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the financial year ended 31 March 2013 to review the remuneration package of the Executive Directors and the annual bonuses and increments. The Remuneration Committee also discussed on the remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors.

Details of Directors' remuneration for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 are set out as below:

GROUP	FEES (RM'000)	SALARIES (RM'000)	Bonus and Allowances (RM'000)	STATUTORY CONTRIBUTION (RM'000)	Benefit-In-Kind (RM'000)	Total (RM'000)
Executive Directors	132	2,683	1,942	839	130	5,726
Non-Executive Directors	147	-	6	-	-	153

The number of Directors whose total remuneration falls within the respective bands is as follows:

	No. of directors		
	Executive	Non-Executive	
D. I. DM50.000			
Below RM50,000		1	
RM50,001 - RM100,000		2	
RM250,001 - RM300,000	1		
RM600,001 - RM650,000	1		
RM700,001 - RM750,000	1		
RM900,001 - RM950,000	1		
RM3,150,000 - RM3,200,000	1		
	5	3	

Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages. Any increase in Directors' fees will be approved at the Annual General Meeting by the shareholders.

### Corporate Governance Statement cont'd

#### **SHAREHOLDERS**

#### Dialogue with Investors

The Board is committed to ensuring that the shareholders and other stakeholders are well informed of the Group's strategy performance and major developments of the Company and the information is communicated to them through the following:

- (i) the Annual Report;
- (ii) the various disclosures and announcements made to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad including the quarterly results and annual results;
- (iii) the website at www.ays-group.com which shareholders as well as members of the public are invited to access for the latest information on the Group; and
- (iv) the meetings with fund managers and analysts and interviews by the press.

#### **General Meetings**

The Company's Annual General Meeting ("AGM") serves as a principal forum for dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to meet and communicate with the Board at the AGM and to vote on all resolutions. Extraordinary General Meetings is held as and when required.

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

The oversight function of the Board is served by the Audit Committee that has been established comprising wholly of Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:-

Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof
Seow Nyoke Yoong
Member (Independent Non-Executive Director)
Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad
Member (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Further details on the duties and activities of the Audit Committee is set out in the Audit Committee Report.

#### **Financial Reporting**

The Directors are responsible to present a true and fair assessment of the Group's position and prospects in the annual reports and quarterly reports. The quarterly financial results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors prior to submission to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. A statement by the Directors of their responsibilities in the preparation of financial statements is set out in the ensuing section.

#### Statement of Directors' Responsibility for Preparing Financial Statements

The Board is responsible to ensure that the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1965 and approved accounting standards in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at the end of the financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended.

The Directors are satisfied that in preparing the financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Group has adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, prudently and reasonably. The Directors also consider that all applicable approved accounting standards have been followed in the preparation of the financial statements, subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the notes to the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps sufficient accounting records to disclose with reasonable accuracy, the financial position of the Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965.

#### Internal Control

The Board has an overall responsibility in maintaining a sound internal control system that provides reasonable assurance of effective and efficient operations and compliance with internal procedures and guidelines. Details of the Company's internal control system and the framework are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

#### Relationship with the Auditors

The Board has established a formal and transparent arrangement for maintaining appropriate relationships with the external auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring the compliance with the appropriate accounting standards. The Audit Committee reviews and monitors the suitability and independence of external auditors. To provide support for an assessment on independence, the Audit Committee obtains written assurance from the external auditors confirming that they are, and have been, independent throughout the conduct of the audit engagement in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.

### **Audit Committee Report**

#### COMPOSITION

Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof - Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director Seow Nyoke Yoong - Member, Independent Non-Executive Director Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE**

During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, four (4) Audit Committee Meetings were held and the details of attendance of each member are as follows:-

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS	TOTAL MEETINGS ATTENDED
Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof	4/4
Seow Nyoke Yoong	4/4
Mohamad Fazlin bin Mohamad	4/4

#### **FUNCTIONS OF AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The main functions of the Committee shall include the following:

- (1) review the following and report the same to the Board:
  - (a) with the external auditors, the audit plan;
  - (b) with the external auditors, his evaluation of the system of internal controls;
  - (c) with the external auditors, his audit report;
  - (d) the assistance given by the employees of the Company to the external auditors;
  - (e) the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit functions and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;
  - (f) the internal audit programme, processes, the results of the internal audit programme, processes or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
  - (g) the quarterly results and year end financial statements, prior to the approval by the Board, focusing particularly on:
    - (i) changes in or implementation of major accounting policy changes;
    - (ii) significant and unusual events; and
    - (iii) compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements;
  - (h) any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company or Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises guestions of management integrity;
  - (i) any letter of resignation from the external auditors of the Company; and
  - (j) whether there is reason (supported by grounds) to believe that the Company's external auditors is not suitable for re-appointment.
- (2) recommend the nomination of a person or persons as external auditors.
- (3) assessment of financial risk.
- (4) to consider the major findings of internal investigations and management's response.

### Audit Committee Report cont'd

#### **ACTIVITIES OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE**

During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, the Audit Committee, in discharging its functions and duties, carried out the following activities:-

- Review of the quarterly reports of the Group prior to submission to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval;
- Recommended the appointment of external consultant to assist in the development of the risk management framework;
- Recommended the appointment of external consultant as Internal Auditors;
- Reviewed and approved the Audit Planning Memorandum;
- Reviewed and discussed the Internal Audit Report;
- Reviewed and discussed on the Risk Assessment Report;
- Recommended the re-appointment of external auditors and the payment of audit fees;
- Reviewed the performance of the Group.

#### **Internal Audit Function**

The Company on 30 May 2012 appointed UHY Advisory (KL) Sdn Bhd ("UHY") to perform an independent risk-based internal audit review on the key operational areas of the Group. The approved Audit Planning Memorandum for the year 2012/2013 was approved and the four main areas identified for review encompassed the following:

- (i) Enterprise Risk management where UHY facilitated the implementation of an Enterprise Risk management system for the AYS Group;
- (ii) Sales & Marketing processes;
- (iii) Inventory management/logistic processes and
- (iv) Procurement processes.

The internal auditors have been assigned to review and assess the adequacy of such controls prevailing in those key operational areas selected for review. During the financial year ended 31 March 2013, an amount of RM121,368 was incurred in respect of the Group's internal audit function.

### Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

#### INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound system of risk management and internal control to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Board of Directors is committed to maintain a sound system of risk management and internal control in the Group. Set out below is the Board of Directors' "Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control" which has been prepared in accordance with the Guidance for Directors of Public Listed Companies on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control.

#### RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BOARD

The Board of Directors ("Board") is responsible for the adequacy and effectiveness of the AYS Group's ("the Group") risk management and internal control system. The Board ensures that the system manages the Group's key areas of risk within an acceptable risk profile to increase the likelihood that the Group's policies and business objectives will be achieved. The Board continually reviews the system to ensure it provides a reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement of management and financial information and records or against financial losses or fraud.

The Board has established an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Group and this process includes enhancing the risk management and internal control system as and when there are changes to the business environment or regulatory guidelines. Management assists the Board in the implementation of the Board's policies and procedures on risk management and internal control by identifying and assessing the risks faced, and in the design, operation and monitoring of suitable internal controls to mitigate and control these risks.

The Board has received assurance from the Group Managing Director and the Group Financial Controller that the Group's risk management and internal control system is operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

The Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control system in place for the year under review and up to the date of issuance of the financial statements is adequate and effective to safeguard the shareholders' investment, the interests of customers, regulators and employees, and the Group's assets.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

The Board of Directors is aware that a sound system of internal control should be embedded in the operations of the Group and form part of its culture. This system should be capable of responding quickly to evolving risks to the business arising from factors within the Group and changes in the business environment. It should include procedures for reporting immediately to appropriate levels of management any significant control failings or weaknesses that are identified together with details of corrective action being taken.

The Group has in place an on-going process for identifying, monitoring and managing significant risks that may affect the achievement of business objectives. This is done through our Internal Audit department.

Management is continuously reviewing potential risk areas through discussions held at half yearly management meetings. Where a particular risk is identified, it will be monitored with counter measures taken to mitigate the risk, if possible.

#### Internal Review and Audit

The Group's internal audit function is outsourced to an independent professional firm, UHY who reports directly to the Audit Committee. In addition, the internal audit function is responsible to conduct consistent and systematic review on the adequacy and integrity of internal control systems to provide reasonable assurance to ensure risks are appropriately identified and mitigated.

An internal audit review report is submitted to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis. Criteria to be addressed in the report include risk identification and mitigation, corrective action plans and implementation of the plans by the Management.

#### Review of the Statement by External Auditors

The external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to the scope set out in Recommended Practice Guide ("RPG") 5 issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountant ("MIA") for inclusion in the annual report for the year ended 31 March 2013 and reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system.

RPG 5 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Directors' Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control cover all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system including the assessment and opinion by the Directors and management thereon.

#### CONCLUSION

During the financial year under review, the Board is satisfied that no material losses, deficiencies or errors were arising from any inadequacy or failure of the Group's internal control system that will require disclosure in the Annual Report.

The Board will continue to take measures to strengthen the system of internal control maintained by the Group and ensure shareholders' investment and the Group's assets are consistently safeguarded.

### Other Information

#### UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

The Company has fully utilized the proceeds of RM9,000,000 arising from the Restricted Issue of 18,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company via a placement at an issue price of RM0.50 each.

#### **SHARE BUY-BACK**

The Company has not undertaken any share buy-back exercise during the financial year under review.

#### OPTIONS, WARRANTS OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

There were no issue of options, warrants or convertible securities during the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### AMERICAN DEPOSITORY RECEIPT (ADR) OR GLOBAL DEPOSITORY RECEIPT (GDR)

The Company did not sponsor any ADR or GDR programme.

#### **SANCTION AND /OR PENALTY**

There were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, directors or management by the regulatory bodies other than a penalty of RM2,000 imposed by the Jabatan Alam Sekitar Kementerian Sumber Asli dan Alam Sekitar in respect of the handling/disposal of consumable waste by a subsidiary company during the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### **NON-AUDIT FEES**

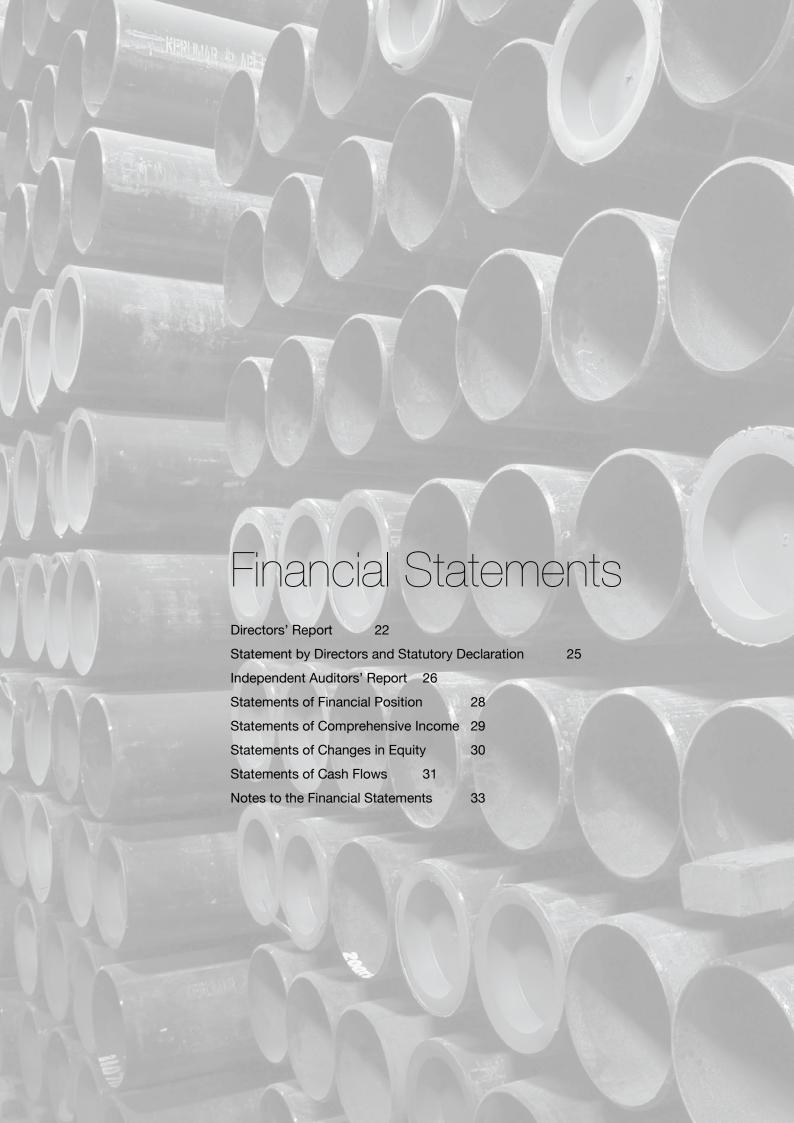
The amount of non-audit fees payable to external auditors by the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 is RM168,000.

#### **PROFIT GUARANTEE**

The Company did not receive any profit guarantee during the financial year.

#### MATERIAL CONTRACTS INVOLVING DIRECTORS'/MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST

There were no material contracts of the Company and its subsidiaries involving directors' and major shareholders' interests for the financial year under review.



### **Directors' Report**

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of it subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Group RM'000	COMPANY RM'000
Profit for the financial year	9,567	4,022
Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	9,551 16	4,022 -
	9,567	4,022

#### **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

Since the end of the last financial year, the Company paid:

RM'000

A first single tier interim dividend of 1% per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2013 paid on 28 February 2013

3,804

The Directors do not recommend final dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2013.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors in office since the date of the last report are as follows:-

Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof Oh Chiew Ho Oh Yung Sim Chang Chee Seng Seow Nyoke Yoong Mohamad Fazlin Bin Mohamad Tay Kim Chuan (appointed on 1.12.2012) Oh Pooi Foon (appointed on 1.12.2012) According to the Register of Directors' shareholdings, the direct and indirect interest in the shares of the Company and of its related corporation of those who were Directors at the end of the financial year are as follows:

		Ordin	IARY SHARES OF RMO	).50 EACH	
	AT 1 April 2012*	Share Split	Воиднт	Sold	At 31 March 2013
Interest in the Company					
Direct interests Oh Chiew Ho	<del>-</del>	-	55,292,648	(55,292,648)	-
Indirect interests Oh Chiew Ho#	4	4	264,707,352	-	264,707,360
Interest in the holding company (Chiew Ho Holding Sdn. Bhd)					
Direct interest Oh Chiew Ho Oh Yung Sim Oh Pooi Foon	51 10 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	51 10 10

<sup>\*</sup> Represent ordinary shares of RM1.00 each

By virtue of his interest in the ordinary shares of the Company, Oh Chiew Ho is also deemed to be interested in the ordinary shares of the related corporations to the extent the Company has an interest under Section 6A of the Companies Act 1965.

None of the other Directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangements subsisted to which the Company is a party, with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of previous financial year, no Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than as disclosed in Notes 29 and 32 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

#### ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year, the Company subdivided its authorised share capital from 100,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into 200,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each. Consequence thereof, the 4 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each issued and fully paid up capital be subdivided into 8 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each. Thereafter, the Company increased its authorised ordinary share capital from RM100,000 comprising of 200,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each to RM200,000,000 comprising ordinary shares of RM0.50 each by the creation of 399,800,000 new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each.

During the financial year, in conjunction with the listing of the Company on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, the Company issued 380,417,648 new ordinary shares at RM0.50 each ("new ordinary shares") arising from the following:-

- (a) acquisition of the entire issued and paid up share capital of Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn. Bhd. of 6,810,0000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each for a purchase consideration of RM172,000,000 satisfied by the issuance of 344,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of RM0.50 each;
- (b) share exchange of entire issued and paid-up share capital of NV Multi Corporation Berhad (NV Multi) of 115,110,300 ordinary shares of RM0.01 each for 18,417,648 new ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of RM0.50 each on the basis of 8 new ordinary shares of the Company for every 50 NV Multi ordinary shares of RM0.01 each; and
- (c) restricted issue of 18,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to eligible investors via a placement at an issue price of RM0.50 each.

There were no debentures issued during the financial year.

<sup>#</sup> Indirect interest by virtue of his shareholding in Chiew Ho Holding Sdn. Bhd. and Ann Yak Siong Group Sdn. Bhd.

### Directors' Report cont'd

#### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:-

- (a) to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision for doubtful debts had been made; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Group and the Company have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (a) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate; or
- (d) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

In the opinion of the Directors:-

- (a) no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet its obligations as and when they fall due;
- (b) the results of the Group and of the Company's operations during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- (c) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year in which this report is made.

#### **HOLDING COMPANY**

The holding company is Chiew Ho Holding Sdn. Bhd., a company incorporated in Malaysia.

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The significant events during the reporting year are disclosed in Note 37 to the financial statements.

#### **AUDITORS**

The Auditors, Messrs SJ Grant Thornton have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

OH CHIEW HO	OH YUNG SIM
Klang 27 May 2013	

# **Statement by Directors**

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 28 to 63 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2013 and of their financial performance and the cash flows of the Company for the financial year then ended.  In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out on page 64 had been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and presented based on format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.  Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.						
OH CHIEW HO OH YUNG SIM						
Klang 27 May 2013						
Statutory Declaration						
I, Low Wai Han, being the Officer primarily responsible for the financial management of AYS Ventures Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the financial statements set out on pages 28 to 63 are correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.						
Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Klang in ) Selangor Darul Ehsan this day of ) 27 May 2013						
Before me:						
Commissioner for Oaths						

### Independent Auditors' Report to the members of AYS VENTURES BERHAD

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of AYS Ventures Berhad., which comprise the Statements of Financial Position as at 31 March 2013 of the Group and of the Company, and the Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Equity and Statements of Cash Flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes, as set out on pages 28 to 63.

#### Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 March 2013 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:-

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditors' reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174 (3) of the Act.

#### Other Reporting Responsibilities

The supplementary information set out on page 64 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and is not part of the financial statements. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### Other Matters

- 1. As stated in Note 2.4 to the financial statements, the Group and the Company adopted Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards on 1 April 2012 with a transition date of 14 December 2010 (date of incorporation). These standards were applied retrospectively by Directors to the comparative information in the financial statements of the Company, including the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2012, and the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 and related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the MFRS transition comparative information, and it is unaudited. Our responsibilities as part of our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2012 have, in these circumstances, included obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence that the opening balances as at 1 April 2012 do not contain misstatements that materially affect the financial position as of 31 March 2013 and financial performance and cash flows for the financial year ended.
- 2. This report is made solely to the member of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

SJ GRANT THORNTON (NO. AF: 0737) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Kuala Lumpur 27 May 2013 NG CHEE HOONG (NO: 2278/10/14(J)) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

# Statements of Financial Position as at 31 March 2013

		GROUP	Сомра		
	Nоте	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012	
ASSETS		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	4	74,279	-	-	
Investment properties	5	9,415	-	-	
Investment in subsidiaries	6	-	160,000	-	
Other investments	7	5	-		
Total non-current assets		83,699	160,000		
Current assets					
Inventories	8	143,906	-	-	
Trade receivables	9	165,013	-	-	
Other receivables	10	8,034	20	1,498	
Amount due from a subsidiary	11	-	30,745	-	
Tax recoverable		1,145	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments	12	205	-	-	
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	13	32,766	- 15	-	
Cash and bank balances		24,803			
Total current assets		375,872	30,780	1,498	
Total assets		459,571	190,780	1,498	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
Equity attributable to owners of the Parent					
Share capital	14	190,209	190,209	-	
Retained earnings	15	147,799	192	(26)	
Revaluation reserve	16	9,718	-	-	
Capital reserve	17	3,595	-	-	
Merger deficit	18	(153,190)	<del>-</del>		
		198,131	190,401	(26)	
Non-controlling interest		743	-		
Total Equity		198,874	190,401	(26)	
LIABILITIES					
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	19	2,259	-	-	
Finance lease liabilities	20	2,663	-	-	
Bank borrowings	21	2,713	<del>-</del>		
Total non-current liabilities		7,635	-		
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	22	25,418	-	-	
Other payables	23	8,337	379	1,524	
Finance lease liabilities	20	1,330	-	-	
Bank borrowings	21	216,912	-	-	
Provision for taxation		1,065	-		
Total current liabilities		253,062	379	1,524	
Total liabilities		260,697	379	1,524	
Total equity and liabilities		459,571	190,780	1,498	

# Statements of Comprehensive Income for the financial year ended 31 March 2013

		Group 1.4.2012	Сомра	NY 14.12.2010
		1.4.2012 TO	1.4.2012 TO	14.12.2010 TO
	Nоте	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2012 RM'000
Revenue	24	648,779	14,902	-
Cost of sales		(591,105)		
Gross profit		57,674	14,902	-
Other income		8,057	17	-
Selling and distribution expenses		(8,434)	-	-
Administration expenses		(20,172)	(527)	(26)
Other expenses		(13,694)	(10,370)	-
Finance costs		(8,467)		
Profit/(Loss) before tax	25	14,964	4,022	(26)
Tax expense	26	(5,397)		
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year/period		9,567	4,022	(26)
Other comprehensive income - Revaluation of land and buildings		9,718	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the financial year/period		19,285	4,022	(26)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year/period attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		9,551 16	4,022 -	(26)
		9,567	4,022	(26)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		19,269 16	4,022	(26)
		19,285	4,022	(26)
Earnings per share Basic earnings per ordinary share	27			
attributable to owners of the parent (RM)		0.03		

# Statements of Changes in Equity for the financial year ended 31 March 2013

	ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF PARENT							
		Non-Dist			DISTRIBUTABLE		Non-	
	SHARE	Capital	Merger F	REVALUATION	RETAINED		CONTROLLING	Total
	CAPITAL	RESERVE	DEFICIT	RESERVE	EARNINGS	TOTAL	INTERESTS	EQUITY
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group								
Balance at 1 April 2012	-	-	-	-	(26)	(26)	-	(26)
Profit for the financial year Other comprehensive income for	-	-	=	-	9,551	9,551	16	9,567
the financial year	-	-	-	9,718	-	9,718	-	9,718
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	9,718	9,551	19,269	16	19,285
Transaction with owners: Dividend to owners of the								
Company	-	-	-	-	(3,804)	(3,804)	-	(3,804)
Issuance of shares (Note 14)	190,209	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	190,209	-	190,209
Effects on merger of subsidiaries		3,595	(153,190)	-	142,078	(7,517)	727	(6,790)
Balance at 31 March 2013	190,209	3,595	(153,190)	9,718	147,799	198,131	743_	198,874
Company								
At the date of incorporation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	_	_	_	_	(26)	(26)	_	(26)
					<u> </u>	(==/_		(==)
Balance at 31 March 2012	-	-	-	-	(26)	(26)	-	(26)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	-	-	4,022	4,022	-	4,022
<b>Transaction with owners:</b> Dividend to owners of the								
Company	-	-	-	-	(3,804)	(3,804)	-	(3,804)
Issuance of shares (Note 14)	190,209		-		-	190,209	-	190,209
Balance at 31 March 2013	190,209	-	-	-	192	190,401	-	190,401

# Statements of Cash Flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2013

		GROUP 1.4.2012	COMPANY 1.4.2012 14.12.2010	
	Nоте	то 31.3.2013 RM'000	TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	то 31.3.2012 RM'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit/(Loss) before tax		14,964	4,022	(26)
Adjustment for:-				
(Gain)/Loss on disposal of subsidiary		(1)	7,934	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,659	-	-
Amortisation of investment properties		8	-	-
Impairment loss on trade receivables		795	-	-
Interest expense		8,467	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off		23	-	-
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange		(82)	_	-
Gain on disposal of propety, plant and equipment		(281)	_	-
Gain on disposal of investment property		(792)	_	-
Gain on disposal of non current assets held for sale		(1,093)	_	-
Gain on fair value adjustments on investment properties		(1,228)	_	_
Impairment loss on goodwill		5,803	_	_
Interest income		(2,323)	(17)	_
Bad debts written off		457	-	_
Inventory written off		39	_	_
Impairment for doubtful debts no longer required		(742)	_	_
Impairment for addiction addiction longer required		(1-12)		
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes		26,673	11,939	(26)
Changes in working capital:-				
Inventories		(14,970)	-	-
Receivables		(28,453)	1,479	(1,498)
Payables		(28,222)	(18,745)	1,524
Subsidiaries			(1,146)	<u> </u>
Cash used in operations		(44,972)	(6,473)	-
Tax paid		(4,931)	-	
Net cash used in operating activities		(49,903)	(6,473)	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	А	(3,609)		
Purchase of investment property	$\wedge$	(3,009)	_	
Effect on acquisition of subsidiary	6	3,095	_	_
Effect on disposal of subsidiary	6	3,093	_	_
Proceeds from disposal of investment property	U	1,672	_	_
Proceeds from disposal of plant, property and equipment		300	_	_
Proceeds from disposal of plant, property and equipment  Proceeds from disposal of non current assets held-for-sale		1,718	_	_
·		1,718	1.075	_
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary		0.000	1,275	-
Interest received		2,323	17	<u>-</u>
Net cash from investing activities		5,175	1,292	

# Statements of Cash Flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2013

		GROUP	Company	
		1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
		ТО	ТО	ТО
	Nоте	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interest paid		(8,467)	-	-
Dividend paid		(3,804)	(3,804)	-
Proceeds from issuance of shares		9,000	9,000	-
Fixed deposits placed with licensed banks		11,232	-	-
Net proceeds from borrowings		61,429	-	-
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(1,366)	-	-
Repayment of term loans		(288)	-	
Net cash from financing activities		67,736	5,196	
Net changes		23,008	15	-
At beginning of financial year	В	-	-	-
Effect on foreign exchange rate		(70)	_	
At end of financial year		22,938	15	-

#### NOTES TO THE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### A. PURCHASE OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

#### Group

During the financial year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM5,480,571 of which RM1,871,665 were acquired by means of finance lease. Cash payments of RM3,608,906 were made to purchase the property, plant and equipment.

#### B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE:-

Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statements comprise the following amounts:-

	GROUP	COMPANY	
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	ТО	ТО	ТО
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances	24,803	15	-
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	32,766	-	-
Less: Bank overdrafts	(1,865)	_	
	55,704	15	-
Less: Fixed deposits pledged	(32,766)		
	22,938	15	-

### Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2013

#### 1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office of the Company is located at 802, 8th Floor, Block C, Kelana Square, 17, Jalan SS7/26, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries during the financial year.

The financial statements were authorised by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 27 May 2013.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

#### 2.2. Basis of Measurement

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are under the historical cost convention, unless otherwise indicated in the summary of significant accounting policies.

#### 2.3. Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM) which is the Company's functional currency and all value are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000), except when otherwise stated.

#### 2.4 First-time Adoption of MFRS

In the previous period, the financial statements of the Company were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRSs"). These are the Group and the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with MFRSs and MFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards has been applied.

#### 2.5 Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

The Group and the Company have not applied the following MFRSs that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but are not yet effective for the Company:

#### Amendments to MFRS effective 1 July 2012:

MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

#### MFRSs effective 1 January 2013:

MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

MFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

MFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

MFRS 119 Employee Benefits (International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 19 as amended by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") in June 2011)

MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements (IAS 27 as amended by IASB in May 2011)

MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (IAS 28 as amended by IASB in May 2011)

IC Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs in the Production of A Surface Mine

### Notes to the Financial Statements 31 March 2013 cont'd

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION cont'd

#### 2.5 Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective cont'd

The Group and the Company has not applied the following MFRSs that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but are not yet effective for the Company: cont'd

#### Amendments to MFRSs effective 1 January 2013:

MFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards - Government Loans

MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

MFRS 10, 11 and 12 Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance

Annual Improvements 2009 – 2011 Cycle issued in July 2012

#### Amendments to MFRS effective 1 January 2014:

MFRS 10, 12 and 127 Consolidated Financial Statements, Disclosures of Interest in other Entity and Separate Financial Statements:

Investment Entities

MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### MFRSs effective 1 January 2015:

MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Mandatory Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in November 2009)

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments (IFRS 9 issued by IASB in October 2010)

MFRS 11 and IC Interpretation 20 are not applicable to the Group's operations.

MFRS 11, 12, 13 and IC Interpretation 20 are not applicable to the Company's operations.

The initial application of the above standards are not expected to have any financial impacts to the financial statements upon the first adoption except for:

#### MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

MFRS 9 addresses the classification, measurement and recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It replaces the guidance in MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. MFRS 9 requires financial assets to be classified into two measurement categories: fair value and amortised cost, determined at initial recognition. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument. Most of the requirements for financial liabilities are retained, except for cases where the fair value option is taken, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than profit or loss, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

The adoption of MFRS 9 will result in a change in accounting policy. The Company is currently examining the financial impact of adopting MFRS 9.

#### 2.6 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's and the Company's accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. Estimates and underlying assumptions are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The actual results may differ from the judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results.

#### Estimation uncertainty

Key assumptions concerning future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are disclosed below:

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION cont'd

#### 2.6 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements cont'd

#### Revaluation of property, plant and equipment and investment properties

The Group measures its land and buildings at revalued amount with changes in fair value being recognised in other comprehensive income. The Group engaged independent valuation specialists to determine fair values as at 31 March 2013.

The carrying amount of the land and buildings at the end of the reporting period, and the relevant revaluation bases, are disclosed in Notes 4 and 5 to the financial statements.

#### Useful lives of depreciable assets

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful life. Management estimates the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment to be within 5 to 50 years and reviews the useful lives of depreciable assets at each end of the reporting date. As at 31 March 2013, management assesses that the useful lives represent the expected utility of the assets to the Group and the Company. The carrying amounts are analysed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Actual results, however, may vary due to change in the expected level of usage and technological developments, which resulting the adjustment to the Group's and the Company's assets.

Management expects that the expected useful lives of the property plant and equipment would not have material difference from the management estimates and hence it would not result in material variance in the Group's profit for the financial year.

#### Income taxes

Significant judgement is involved in determining the Group-wide provision for income taxes. There are certain transaction and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises tax liabilities based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unutilised tax losses, unabsorbed capital allowances and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which all the deductible temporary differences, unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### Impairment of receivable

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial assets is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the receivables and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristic.

The management expects that the carrying amount of the Company loans and receivables would not have material difference from the management's estimates and hence it would not result in material variance in the Company's profit for the financial year.

#### Allowance for inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In estimating net realisable values, management takes into account the most reliable evidence available at the times the estimates are made. The Group's and the Company's core business is subject to economical and technology changes which may cause selling prices to change rapidly, and the Group's and the Company's profit to change.

The carrying amount of the Group's and the Company's inventories at the end of the reporting date is disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

#### Management judgement

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effects on the financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION cont'd

#### 2.6 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements cont'd

Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group and the Company determine whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group and the Company consider whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group and the Company.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under finance lease), the Group and the Company account for the portion separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group.

Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Group and the Company apply the significant accounting policies, as summarised below, consistently throughout all periods presented in the financial statements and in preparing the Company's opening MFRS statement of financial position at date of incorporation, 14 December 2010 (the transition date to MFRS framework), unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Consolidation

#### 3.1.1 Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is a company in which the Group or the Company has the power to exercise control over the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

Investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less any impairment losses in the Company's financial position, unless the investment is held for sale or distribution.

Upon the disposal of investment in a subsidiary, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is included in profit or loss.

#### 3.1.2 Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the audited financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries, which have been prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are all drawn up to the same reporting period.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Changes in the Company owners' ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.1.3 Business Combinations and Goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognised in accordance with MFRS 139 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it will not be remeasured. Subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. In instances where the contingent consideration does not fall within the scope of MFRS 139, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate MFRS.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interest over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If this consideration is lower than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### 3.1.4 Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss.

If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

#### 3.1.5 Non-controlling Interest

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity holders of the Company, is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

#### 3.1.6 Common Control Business Combination

A business combination involving entities under common control is a business combination in which all the combining entities or business are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory.

The acquisition resulted in a business combination involving common control entities, and accordingly the accounting treatment is outside the scope of MFRS 3. For such common control business combinations, the merger accounting principles are used to include the assets, liabilities, results, equity changes and cash flows of the combining entities in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.1.6 Common Control Business Combination cont'd

Under the merger method of accounting, the results of subsidiaries are presented as if the merger had been effected throughout the current and previous years. The assets and liabilities combined are accounted for based on the carrying amounts from the perspective of the common control shareholder at the date of transfer. On consolidation, the cost of the merger is cancelled with the values of the shares received. Any resulting credit differences is classified as equity and regarded as a non-distributable reserve. Any resulting debit difference is adjusted against any suitable reserve. Any share premium, capital redemption reserve and any other reserves which are attributable to share capital of the merged entities, to the extent that they have not been capitalised by a debit difference, are reclassified and presented as movement in other capital reserves.

#### 3.2 Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective Group entity, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions (spot exchange rate). Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the remeasurement of monetary items at year-end exchange rates, whether realised or unrealised, are recognised in profit or loss except for exchange differences arising from monetary items that form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated under foreign currency translation reserve in equity.

Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction (not retranslated). Non-monetary items measured at fair value are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. Exchange differences arising from such non-monetary items are also recognised directly in equity.

In the Group's financial statements, all assets, liabilities and transactions of Group entities with a functional currency other than the RM (the Group's presentation currency) are translated into RM upon consolidation. The functional currency of the entities in the Group has remained unchanged during the reporting period.

On consolidation, assets and liabilities have been translated into RM at the closing rate at end of each reporting period. Income and expenses have been translated into the Group's presentation currency at the average rate over the reporting period. Exchange differences are charged or credited to other comprehensive income and recognised in the currency translation reserve in equity. Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity have been treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into RM at the closing rate.

#### 3.3 Tax Expense

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

#### 3.3.1 Current Tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Current tax is recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability (or an asset) to the extent that it is unpaid (or refundable).

#### 3.3.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.3.2 Deferred Tax cont'd

Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance, being tax incentives that is not a tax base of an asset, is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against the unutilised tax incentive can be utilised.

#### 3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

All property, plant and equipment, except for land and building, are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Land and buildings are measured at fair value less accumulated depreciation on buildings and impairment losses recognised after the date of the revaluation. Valuations are performed with sufficient regularity, usually every five years, to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from the fair value of the land and buildings at the end of the reporting period.

As at the date of revaluation, accumulated depreciation, if any, is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset. Any revaluation surplus arising upon appraisal of land is recognised in other comprehensive income and credited to the 'revaluation reserve' in equity. To the extent that any revaluation decrease or impairment loss has previously been recognised in profit or loss, a revaluation increase is credited to profit or loss with the remaining part of the increase recognised in other comprehensive income. Downward revaluations of land are recognised upon appraisal or impairment testing, with the decrease being charged to other comprehensive income to the extent of any revaluation surplus in equity relating to this asset and any remaining decrease recognised in profit or loss. Any revaluation surplus remaining in equity on disposal of the asset is transferred to other comprehensive income.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is provided on the straight line method in order to write off the cost of each asset over its estimated useful life. No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

The principal annual depreciation rates used are as follows:-

Factory and buildings 2%

Machinery and equipment 10% - 20%

Motor vehicles and others 8% - 20%

Restoration cost relating to an item of the property, plant and equipment is capitalised only if such expenditure is expected to increase the future benefits from the existing property, plant and equipment beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, or at least annually to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.5 Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction cost. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for their intended use and capitalised borrowing costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value and are revalued annually and are included in the statement of financial position at their open market values. Any gain or loss resulting from either a change in the fair value or the sale of an investment property is immediately recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The fair values are determined by external professional valuers with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property and supported by market evidence.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.5 Investment Properties cont'd

Investment properties are derecognised when either they are disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in the profit or loss in the financial year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change. If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change.

#### 3.6 Inventories

Inventories of raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods are value at lower of cost and net realisable value less allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods include the cost of materials, direct labour and proportion of the manufacturing overheads.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimates costs to completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

#### 3.7 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group and the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value plus transactions costs, except for financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured initially at fair value. Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured subsequently as described below.

Embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

#### 3.7.1 Financial Assets

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets other than those designated and effective as hedging instruments are classified into the following categories upon initial recognition:

- (a) loans and receivables;
- (b) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- (c) held to maturity investments; and
- (d) available-for-sale financial assets.

All financial assets except for those at fair value through profit or loss are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset is derecognised where the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired or when the financial assets and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade dates. i. e. the date the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the assets.

At the reporting date, the Group and the Company carried the loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets on its statements of financial position.

#### Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process. The Group's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables fall into this category of financial instruments.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.7.1 Financial Assets cont'd

Loans and receivables are classified as current assets, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

#### Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated to this category or do not qualify for inclusion in any of the other categories of financial assets. The Group's available-for-sale financial assets include listed securities and the equity instruments.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value subsequent to the initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and reported within the available-for-sale reserve within equity, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange differences on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. When the asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from the equity reserve to profit or loss and presented as a reclassification adjustment within other comprehensive income.

Interest calculated using the effective interest method and dividends are recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity are recognised in profit or loss when the Group and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investment in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less impairment loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### 3.7.2 Financial Liabilities

After the initial recognition, financial liability is classified as:-

- (a) financial liability at fair value through profit or loss;
- (b) other financial liabilities measure at amortised cost using the effective interest method; and
- (c) financial guarantee contracts.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

As at the reporting date, the Group and the Company carried only other financial liabilities on its statement of financial position.

#### Other Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost

The Group's and the Company's financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

#### 3.8 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation, legal or constructive, as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Any reimbursement that the Group and the Company can be virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time of money is material, the amount of provision is the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.9 Assets Acquired Under Finance Lease Arrangements

The cost of property, plant and equipment acquired under finance lease arrangements which transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are capitalised. The depreciation policy on these assets is similar to that of the Group's and of the Company's property, plant and equipment depreciation policy.

Outstanding obligations due under finance lease arrangements after deducting finance expenses are included as liabilities in the financial statements. Finance charges on hire purchase arrangements are allocated to statement of comprehensive income over the period of the respective agreements.

#### 3.10 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, banks balances, short term demand deposits and highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 3.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

#### 3.11.1 Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at fair value of the consideration receive or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when the significant risk and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyers. Revenue is not recognised to the extent where there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, associated cost or the possible returns of goods.

#### 3.11.2 Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### 3.11.3 Rental Income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. The aggregate costs of incentives provided to lessees are recognised as a reduction of rental income over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### 3.12 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

#### 3.12.1 Trade and Other Receivables and Other Financial Assets Carried at Cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flow discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.13 Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value or the date a derivative contract is entered into and subsequently remeasured at their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivatives designated as hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

#### 3.14 Equity Instrument

Ordinary shares are classified as equity which are recorded at the normal value and proceeds in excess of the nominal value of shares issued, if any, are accounted for as share premium. Both ordinary shares and shares premium are classified as equity. Dividend on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities when declared.

The transaction cost of an equity transaction which comprise only those incremental external cost directly attributable to the equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, not of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.15 Borrowing Costs

Interest costs on borrowings to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the assets for their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

#### 3.16 Employee Benefits

#### 3.16.1 Short Term Benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as expenses in the year in which the associated services are rendered by the employees of the Group and of the Company. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occurred.

#### 3.16.2 Defined Contribution Plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group and the Company pays fixed contributions into separate entities of funds and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contribution if any of the funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee services in the current and preceding financial years.

Such contributions are recongised as expense in the profit or loss as incurred. As required by law, companies in Malaysia make such contributions to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF").

#### 3.17 Non-Current Assets Classified as Held-For-Sale

Non-current assets are deemed to be held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

Classification of the asset as held-for-sale occurs only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary and a sale is considered highly probable. Management must be committed to a plan to sell the assets which are expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification. Action required to complete the plan should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or the plan will be withdrawn.

Upon classification as held-for-sale, non-current assets are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and are not depreciated. Any differences are recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 3.18 Operating Segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenue and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES cont'd

#### 3.19 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs such that outflow is probable and can be measured reliably, they will then be recognised as a provision.

#### 3.20 Related Parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group. A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Group and its related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
- (i) Has control or joint control over the Group;
- (ii) Has significant influence over the Group; or
- (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the holding company of the Group, or the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies :
- (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group.
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity.
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) On entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefits of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (a) above.
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) above which has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity or of the parent of the entity.

#### 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	AT VALUATION		Ат		
				Motor	
		FACTORY AND	MACHINERY	VEHICLES	
	FREEHOLD LAND		AND EQUIPMENT	AND OTHERS	Total
GROUP	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cost or Valuation					
At 1 April 2012	-	-	-	-	-
Addition through merger of subsidiaries	30,198	27,015	10,524	11,685	79,422
Additions	50	420	3,133	1,878	5,481
Revaluation	9,650	584	-	-	10,234
Disposals	-	-	-	(826)	(826)
Written off	-	-	-	(31)	(31)
					· · ·
At 31 March 2013	39,898	28,019	13,657	12,706	94,280
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2012	-	-	-	-	-
Addition through merger of subsidiaries	-	2,924	8,893	6,340	18,157
Charge for the financial year	-	443	542	1,674	2,659
Disposals	-	-	-	(807)	(807)
Written off	-	-	-	(8)	(8)
At 31 March 2013		3,367	9,435	7,199	20,001
Not carning amount					
Net carrying amount 31 March 2013	20 900	24 652	4,222	5 507	74.970
01 Mai011 2010	39,898	24,652	4,222	5,507	74,279

#### 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT cont'd

GROUP 31.3.2013 RM'000

665

#### Details of assets under finance lease arrangements

Motor vehicles

- additions during the financial year 1,271

- net carrying amount at financial year end 3,102

Machinery and equipment

- additions during the financial year

- net carrying amount at financial year end 1,681

(a) The Group applies fair value model in measuring its buildings and freehold land. Buildings and freehold land of the Group were revalued in the financial year 2013 by CB Richard Ellis (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., an independent professional valuer.

The comparison method was adopted in arriving at the market value of the buildings and freehold land.

(b) All the property, plant and equipment of the Group are pledged as securities for bank facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

#### 5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		LEASEHOLD		
	FREEHOLD LAND	LAND	Buildings	Total
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fair value				
At 1 April 2012	-	-	-	-
Addition through merger of subsidiaries	5,895	917	2,274	9,086
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	800	-	428	1,228
Additions	-	-	337	337
Disposal	-	(917)	-	(917)
At 31 March 2013	6,695	-	3,039	9,734
Accumulated depreciation				
·				
At 1 April 2012	-	-	-	- 0.40
Addition through merger of subsidiaries	-	29	319	348
Charge for the year	-	8	-	8
Disposal	<del>-</del>	(37)	-	(37)
A+ O4 Mayab 0040			010	010
At 31 March 2013	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	319	319
Net carrying amount				
31 March 2013	6,695	-	2,720	9,415

(a) The Group applies fair value model in measuring its buildings and freehold land. Buildings and freehold land of the Group were revalued in the financial year 2013 by CB Richard Ellis (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd., an independent professional valuer.

The comparison method was adopted in arriving at the market value of the buildings and freehold land.

(b) The net carrying amount of investment properties pledged as securities for the banking facilities granted to the Group are as follows:-

GROUP 31.3.2013 RM'000

Land and buildings 9,415

(c) The title deed of building of the Group with the fair value of RM160,000 is yet to be issued by the relevant authorities.

#### 6. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

COMPANY 31.3.2013 31.3.2012 RM'000 RM'000

Unquoted shares at cost 160,000 -

The subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:-

EFFECTIVE INTEREST (%)

	31.3.2013	31.3.2012	PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY
Subsidiaries			
Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn. Bhd.			
Ç	100	-	Trading and marketing of steel products
Indirect Subsidiaries			
AYS Marketing Sdn. Bhd.	100	-	Trading in all types of construction materials and steel products.
AYS Metal Products & Engineering Sdn. Bhd.	99	-	Manufacture and trading of panels and components for sectional tanks.
AYS Wire Products Sdn. Bhd.	90	-	Manufacture and trading of wire and steel products.
CH Yodoform Sdn. Bhd.	100	-	Manufacture and trading of purlin and other steel products.
Heapi Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.	100	-	Dormant.
AYS Metal Trading Sdn. Bhd.	99	-	Trading of panels and components, supply of installation and maintenance services of sectional tanks.
CH Yodoform Trading Sdn. Bhd.	100	-	Dormant.

All the subsidiaries are audited by SJ Grant Thorntorn.

#### Acquisition of subsidiaries

On 9 April 2012, the Company acquired the entire issued and paid up share capital of Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn. Bhd. ("AYSH") of 6,810,0000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each for a purchase consideration of RM172,000,000 satisfied by:-

- (a) the issuance of 320,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to shareholders of AYSH; and
- (b) the issuance of 24,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to minority shareholders of CH Yodoform Sdn Bhd ("CHY"), a subsidiary company of AYSH pursuant to the internal restructuring for a purchase consideration which involves the sale and transfer by the minority shareholder of 600,000 CHY shares representing the remaining 30% equity interest in CHY to AYSH. The internal restructuring resulted in CHY became a wholly-owned subsidiary of AYSH.

On 28 April 2012, the Company acquired the entire issued and paid-up share capital of NV Multi Corporation Berhad ("NV Multi") of 115,110,300 ordinary shares of RM0.01 each by way of share exchange for 18,417,648 new ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of RM0.50 each on the basis of 8 new ordinary shares of the Company for every 50 NV Multi ordinary shares of RM0.01 each.

The acquired subsidiaries have contributed the following results to the Group in the financial year:-

31.03.2013 RM'000

Revenue 648,779
Profit for the financial year 18,447

The effect of the acquisition of AYSH is not presented as the acquisition has been accounted for using merger method of accounting.

#### 6. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES cont'd

#### Acquisition of subsidiaries cont'd

The effect of the acquisition of NV Multi on the financial position of the Group as at the date of acquisition was as follows:-

	RM
Short term investment	3,093,500
Other receivables and prepayments	50,870
Tax recoverable	349,415
Cash and bank balances	1,487
Other payables and accruals	(89,087)
Net asset acquired	3,406,185
Goodwill*	5,802,639
Total consideration	9,208,824
Less: issue of ordinary shares	(9,208,824)
Cash consideration paid	-
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	3,094,987
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition	3,094,987

<sup>\*</sup>Goodwill represents listing premium paid for the transfer of listing status and is expensed off to the profit or loss.

#### Disposal of Subsidiary

On 7 January 2013, the Company disposed off 100% equity interest in NV Multi Corporation Berhad for a cash consideration of RM1,275,000.

The effect of the disposal of the subsidiary on the financial position of the Group as at the date of disposal was as follows:-

Short term investment	1,193,500
Other receivables	5,275
Tax recoverable	17,000
Cash & bank balances	68,871
Other payables and accruals	(10,276)
Not asset disposed	1 274 270
Net asset disposed Total disposal proceeds	1,274,370 (1,275,000)
Total disposal proceeds	(1,273,000)
Gain on disposal to the Group	(630)
Cash outflow arising on disposal:	
Cash consideration received	1,275,000
Cash and cash equivalents disposed	(1,262,371)
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net cash inflow arising from disposal	12,629
7. OTHER INVESTMENTS	
. OTHER INVESTMENTS	31.03.2013
	RM'000
Share quoted in Malaysia:	
At cost	55
Less: Impairment loss	(50)
·	(= -)

Market value

7.

5

5

RM

INVENTORIES	
INVENTORIES	Gro
	31.3.20 RM'0
At cost:	THAT
Raw materials	2,0
Work in progress	1,7 140,0
Finished goods	140,0
	143,9
Recognised in profit and loss:	
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	574,5
Impairment loss on inventories	
TRADE RECEIVABLES	
	Gro
	31.3.20
	RM'0
Trade receivables	167,3
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(2,2
Net trade receivables	165,0
The movement of impairment losses during the financial year is as follows:	
	31.3.20
Group	RM'0
At beginning of financial year	
Merger of subsidiaries	15,9
Recognised	7
Written off	(14,24
Reversed	(2)
At end of financial year	2,2
Trade receivable are non-interest bearing and generally on 30 to 120 days term.	
The currency exposure profile of the trade receivables other than denominated in the Com (foreign currency are unhedged):-	npany's functional currency are as follo
	31.3.20
Group	RM'0
US Dollar	2,5
SGD	3,3

#### 10. OTHER RECEIVABLES GROUP COMPANY 31.3.2013 31.3.2013 31.3.2012 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 Non-trade receivables 4,540 Deposits 5 273 3,097 Prepayments 1,498 15 Staff advances 124 8,034 20 1,498 11. AMOUNT DUE FROM A SUBSIDIARY

Company	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2012 RM'000
Non-trade nature	30,745	-

Amount due from a subsidiary is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 12. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Group	31.3. Contract/ Notional Amount	2013 (Assets)/ Liabilities
	RM'000	RM'000
Hedging derivatives: Current forward currency contracts	31,294	(205)

The Group uses forward currency contracts to manage some of the transaction exposure. Trading derivatives are classified as a current assets or liability. The full fair value of a derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months and, as a current asset or liability, if the maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.

At 31 March 2013, the Group has forward currency contracts outstanding designated as hedges of expected future purchases from suppliers in Singapore, Thailand, China, Japan, Korea, Europe and Indonesia for which the Company has high probable forecasted transactions. The forward currency contracts are being used to hedge the foreign currency risk of the highly probable forecasted transactions.

#### 13. FIXED DEPOSITS WITH LICENSED BANKS

Included in fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group are RM32,765,529 pledged to the licensed bank for banking facilities granted as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

#### 14. SHARE CAPITAL

Group	o and	Com	panv

	No. of ordinary	Y SHARES OF		
	RM0.50 EACH	RM1.00 EACH	Amour	NT
	31.3.2013	31.3.2012	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
			RM	RM
Authorised:				
At 1 April/date of incorporation	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Share split	100,000	-	-	-
Created during the financial year	399,800,000	-	199,900,000	<del>_</del>
	400,000,000	100,000	200,000,000	100,000
Group and Company				

	No. of ordinary shares of				
	RM0.50 EACH RM1.00 EACH		Амои	Amount	
	31.3.2013	31.3.2012	31.3.2013 RM	31.3.2012 RM	
Issued and fully paid:					
At 1 April/date of incorporation	4	4	4	4	
Issued during the financial year:					
- Share split	4	-	-	-	
- Acquisition of a subsidiary	344,000,000	-	172,000,000	-	
- Share exchange for acquisition of a subsidiary	18,417,648	-	9,208,824	-	
- Restricted issue during the financial year	18,000,000		9,000,000		
At 31 March	380,417,656	4	190,208,828	4	

#### 15. RETAINED EARNINGS

The Malaysian Budget 2008 introduced a single tier company income tax system with effect from year of assessment 2008. As such, the Section 108 tax credit as at 31 December 2011 will be available to the Company until such time the credit is fully utilised or upon expiry of the six-year transitional period on 31 December 2013, whichever is earlier.

The Company has elected to adopt the Single Tier Income Tax System. As such, the Company may frank the payment of dividends out of its entire retained earnings without incurring additional tax liabilities.

#### 16. REVALUATION RESERVE

The revaluation reserve relates to the revaluation of land and buildings during the financial years.

#### 17. CAPITAL RESERVE

The capital reserve relates to the bonus share issued by subsidiaries.

#### 18. MERGER DEFICIT

The merger deficit arose from the acquisition of Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn Bhd during the financial year by share exchange as follows:

Merger deficit	GROUP 31.3.2013 RM'000
Nominal value of shares issued by the Company	160,000
Less: Nominal values of share capital of subsidiaries acquired	(6,810)
	153,190

As the Company acquired its subsidiary, by means of a share exchange, resulting in a business combination involving entities under common control and where no acquirer is identified, the merger method of consolidation has been used. Therefore, the difference between the purchase consideration and the carrying value of the share capital and any share premium acquired is adjusted to equity.

19. <b>DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES</b>	
Group	31.3.2013 RM'000
At beginning of financial year  Merger of subsidiaries  Recognised in profit or loss (Note 26)	1,543
- current year - over provision in prior years Revaluation for freehold land and building	301 (100) 515
At end of financial year	2,259
Presented after appropriate off-setting as follows:-	
Deferred tax liabilities	2,259
The balance in the deferred tax liabilities is made of tax effect of temporary differences arising from:-	
Group	31.3.2013 RM'000
Deferred tax liabilities	
Carrying amount of qualifying property, plant, and equipment in excess of their tax base Revaluation of freehold land and buildings Receivables – allowance for doubtful debts Others – unrealised foreign exchange differences	792 1,725 (207) (51)
	2,259
20. FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES	
Group	31.3.2013 RM'000
Minimum lease premium: payable within 1 year - payable after 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,503 2,824
Less: Unexpired interest	4,327 (334)
	3,993
Present value of finance lease	1 000
- within 1 year - after 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,330 2,663
	3,993

. BANK BORROWINGS	
Group	31.3.2013 RM'000
Non-current	HIVI 000
Secured:-	
Term loans	2,713
Current Secured:-	
Bank overdrafts	1,865
Bankers' acceptance	186,694
Onshore foreign currency loan	27,712
Term loans	641
	216,912

The above bank borrowings are secured by:-

- (i) Corporate guarantee by its subsidiary and the Company;
- (ii) Debenture over all the present and future assets of the Group;
- (iii) Joint and several guarantee by certain Directors of the Company; and
- (iv) Fixed deposits pledged to the banks as disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

The bank borrowings of the Group bear interest rates at ranging from 1.85% to 8.60% per annum.

The above term loan of RM4,800,000 is repayable over 120 monthly installments of RM53,438 each one month from the date of full drawndown.

#### 22. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 14 to 120 days term.

The currency exposure profile of the trade payables is as follows:-

Group	31.3.2013 RM'000
LISD	1.038

23. OTHER PAYABLES			
	GROUP	Сомра	ANY
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-trade payables	4,743	3	1,049
Accruals	3,566	376	475
<u>Deposit</u>	28	_	<u>-</u>
	8,337	379	1,524
24. REVENUE			
2 MILVERIOL	Group	Сомря	VIV
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	ТО	то	ТО
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Colo of goods	040.770		
Sale of goods	648,779	-	-
Dividend income	<del>-</del>	14,902	<u>-</u>
	648,779	14,902	_

### 25. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

Profit/(Loss) before tax has been determined after charging/(crediting), amongst others, the following items:-

	GROUP	Сомря	
	1.4.2 <b>01</b> 2 TO	1.4.2012 TO	14.12.2010 TO
	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2012 RM'000
Impairment for doubtful debts no longer required	(742)	-	-
Audit fee			
- current financial year	102	17	2
- under provision in prior year	3	-	-
Bad debts written off	457	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,659	-	-
Amortisation of investment properties	8	-	-
Directors' remuneration			
- fee			
- current financial year	279	279	18
- overprovision in prior year	(9)	(9)	-
- other emoluments	5,529	6	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(281)	-	-
Gain on disposal of investment property	(792)	-	-
Gain on disposal of non current assets held for sale	(1,093)	-	-
Gain on fair value adjustments on investment property	(1,228)	-	-
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of subsidiary	(1)	7,934	=
Impairment loss on trade receivables	795	-	-
Hiring of machinery	210	-	-
Impairment on goodwill	5,803	-	=
Interest expense			
- bankers' acceptance	7,916	-	=
- bank overdraft	90	-	=
- finance lease	212	-	-
- term loan	240	-	-
- other interest	9	-	-
Interest income	/d d 77\	-	-
- overdue customers	(1,177)	- (4.7)	-
- interest on fixed deposits	(1,044)	(17)	-
- current account	(38)	-	-
- others	(64)	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	23	-	-
Rental of premise	41	-	-
Rental income	(71)	-	-
Rental of hostel	18	-	-
Realised loss on foreign exchange	289	-	-
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	(82) 39	-	-
Inventory written down	39	-	

TAX EXPENSE			
	GROUP	Сомр	ANY
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	ТО	ТО	TO
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Taxation			
- current year	5,139	-	-
- under provision in prior years	57	-	-
Transfer to deferred taxation (Note 19)			
- current year	301	-	-
- over provision in prior years	(100)	-	
	5,397	-	-

The numerical reconciliation of tax expense at the statutory income tax rate to tax expense at the effective income tax rate is as follows:-

	Group Con		Company	
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010	
	ТО	ТО	ТО	
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Profit/(loss) before tax	14,964	4,022	(26)	
Tax at 25%	3,741	1,005	(7)	
Income not subject to tax	(832)	(3,725)	-	
Non-allowable expenses	3,183	2,720	1	
Double deduction expenses	(84)	-	-	
Utilisation of deferred tax assets	(690)	-	-	
Over provision in deferred tax	(100)	-	-	
Deferred tax assets not recognised	122	-	6	
-	5,340	-	-	
Under provision of taxation in prior year	57	-		
Total tax expense	5,397	-	_	

As at 31 March 2013, the Group has an unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowance amounting to approximately RM828,000 and RM3,358,000 available for offset against future taxable profit.

However, the above amounts are subject to the approval of the Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia.

#### 27. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share have been calculated based on profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year of RM9,551,000 over the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year of 370,583,119.

Group	31.3.2013 No. of shares
Issued ordinary shares at 1 April Effect of ordinary shares issued during the financial year	8 370,583,111
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue at 31 March	370,583,119

#### Diluted earnings per share

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there are no potential dilutive ordinary shares as at the end of the financial year.

#### 28. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED

Deferred tax assets has not been recognised in respect of the following items:-

Deletified tax assets has not seem recognised in respect of the following items.	GROUP 31.3.2013 RM'000
Excess of property, plant and equipment's carrying amount over its tax base	(707)
Unutilised tax losses	828
Unabsorbed capital allowances	3,358
Allowance for doubtful debts	637
	4,116

The unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits of the subsidiary companies in which those items arose. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items as they may not be used to offset taxable profits of other subsidiaries in the Group and they have arisen in subsidiaries.

#### 29. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	GROUP	Сомр	
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	TO	ТО	TO
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
	40.500	•	
Salaries, allowances and overtime	10,520	6	=
Social security contributions	86	-	-
Defined contribution plan	1,502	-	-
Bonus	2,810	-	=
Other benefits	343		
	15,261	6	-
Included in the employee benefits expense is the Directors' remuneration as below:-	•		
	GROUP	Сомр	ANY
	GROUP 1.4.2012	Сомр. 1.4.2012	ANY 14.12.2010
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	1.4.2012 TO	1.4.2012 TO	14.12.2010 TO
Salaries, allowances and overtime	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime Social security contributions	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 2,689 2	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime Social security contributions Defined contribution plan	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 2,689 2 837	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime Social security contributions Defined contribution plan Bonus	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 2,689 2 837 1,942 59	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 6 - -	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime Social security contributions Defined contribution plan Bonus Other benefits	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 2,689 2 837 1,942	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012
Salaries, allowances and overtime Social security contributions Defined contribution plan Bonus	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 2,689 2 837 1,942 59	1.4.2012 TO 31.3.2013 RM'000 6 - -	14.12.2010 TO 31.3.2012

#### 30. COMMITMENTS

Group

(a) Capital commitment	31.3.2013
	RM'000
Authorised but not contracted for:-	
- Property, plant and equipment	17,680

#### (b) Finance lease commitments

The future minimum lease payments under finance lease are disclosed in Note 20 to the financial statements.

#### 31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - UNSECURED

Company	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2012 RM'000
Corporate guarantee given to banks as securities for facilities granted to subsidiaries	258,300	-

#### 32. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

(a) Related party transaction	GROUP	COMPANY	
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	ТО	TO	ТО
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Dividend income received from a subsidiary	-	(12,902)	-
Purchase from company in which a Director of the Company has interest	6	-	-
Rental income from company in which Directors of the Company has interest	(13)	-	-

#### (b) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management personnel during the financial year are as follows:-

	Group	GROUP COMPANY	
	1.4.2012	1.4.2012	14.12.2010
	ТО	TO	TO
	31.3.2013	31.3.2013	31.3.2012
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Salaries, wages and other emoluments	8,194	6	-
Social security contributions	8	-	-
Defined contribution plan	1,312	-	-
Other benefits	255	<u>-</u>	
	9,769	6_	

Other members of key management personnel comprise person other than the Directors of the Group and of the Company, having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group either directly or indirectly.

#### 33. CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:-

- (a) Loans and receivables (L&R)
- (b) Available-for-sale financial assets (AFS); and
- (c) Other liabilities measured at amortised cost (AC).

CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS cont'd	Carrying			
	AMOUNT	L&R	AFS	AC
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31.3.2013				
Financial assets	_		_	
Other investment	5	-	5	-
Trade and other receivables (Notes 9 and 10)	169,950	169,950	-	-
Fixed deposits with licensed banks (Note 13) Cash and bank balances	32,766	32,766	-	-
Cash and bank balances	24,803	24,803	<u> </u>	
	227,524	227,519	5	_
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables (Notes 22 and 23)	33,755	-	-	33,755
Finance lease liabilities (Note 20)	3,993	-	-	3,993
Bank borrowings (Note 21)	219,625	-	-	219,625
	257,373		<u>-</u>	257,373
	Carrying			
	AMOUNT	L&R	AFS	AC
Company	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31.3.2013				
Financial assets				
Other receivables (Note 10)	5	5	-	-
Amount due from subsidiaries (Note 11)	30,745	30,745	-	-
Cash and bank balances	15	15	-	
	30,765	30,765		
	Carrying			
	AMOUNT	L&R	AFS	AC
Company	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
31.3.2013				
Financial liabilities				
Other payables (Note 23)	379	-	-	379
	Carrying			
Company	AMOUNT RM'000	L&R RM'000	AFS RM'000	AC RM'000
31.3.2012				
Financial liabilities				
Other payables (Note 23)	1,524	-	-	1,524

#### 34. OPERATING SEGMENT

Business segments

For the management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services, which comprises the following:

Trading Trading and marketing of steel products and all types of construction materials

Manufacturing of panels, purlin and wire and steel products

Others Investment holding and dormant

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respect as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

#### 34. OPERATING SEGMENT cont'd

Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

31.3.2013 GROUP	<b>N</b> оте	Manufacturing RM'000	Trading RM'000	OTHERS RM'000	Adjustments And ELIMINATIONS RM'000	TOTAL AS PER CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RM'000
Revenue						
External customers		57,299	591,480	-	-	648,779
Inter-segment	i	1,074	7,254	14,902	(23,230)	<u>=</u>
Total revenue		58,373	598,734	14,902	(23,230)	648,779
Results:						
Interest income		(303)	(2,003)	(17)	-	(2,323)
Interest expense		186	8,404	-	(123)	8,467
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		757	1,902	-	-	2,659
Amortisation of investment properties		-	8	-	-	8
Fair value gains on investment properties		(168)	(1,060)	-	-	(1,228)
Listing expense		-	-	2,357	-	2,357
Other non-cash expenses	ii	258	(1,935)	5,803	-	4,126
Income tax expense		586	4,810	1	-	5,397
Segment profit		3,070	15,381	(8,884)	-	9,567
Assets:						
Addition to non-current asset	iii	3,495	2,323	-	-	5,818
Segment assets		48,306	411,230	35	=	459,571
Liabilities: Segment liabilities		(4,226)	(256,090)	(381)		(260,697)
оедитент наришев		(4,220)	(200,090)	(301)	<del>-</del>	(200,097)

Notes to the nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements:

ii Other material non-cash expenses/(income) consist of the following items:

	GROUP 31.3.2013 RM'000
Plant, property and equipment written off	23
Impairment loss on trade receivables	795
Bad debts written off	457
Gain on disposal of investment property	(792)
Gain on disposal of non-current asset held for sale	(1,093)
Gain on disposal of plant, property and equipment	(281)
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	(1)
Impairment loss on goodwill	5,803
Impairment for doubtful debts no longer required	(742)
Unrealised gain on foreign currency	(82)
Inventories written off	39
	4,126
Addition to non-current assets consist of:-	
	GROUP
	31.3.2013
	RM'000

Annual Report 2013 | AYS Ventures Berhad

5,481

5,818

337

iii

Plant, property and equipment

Investment properties

i Inter-segment revenues are eliminated on consolidation.

#### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. Financial risk management policy is established to ensure that adequate resources are available for the development of the Group's business whilst managing its credit risk, liquidity risk, and interest rate risk. The Group operates within clearly defined policies and procedures that are approved by the Board of Directors to ensure the effectiveness of the risk management process.

The main areas of financial risks faced by the Group and the policy in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are set out as follows:

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. It is the Group's policy to enter into financial instrument with a diversity of creditworthy counterparties. The Group does not expect to incur material credit losses of its financial assets or other financial instruments.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic, industry and geographical factors similarly affect the Group of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's total credit exposure. The Group's portfolio of financial instrument is broadly diversified along industry, product and geographical lines, and transactions are entered into with diverse creditworthy counterparties, thereby mitigate any significant concentration of credit risk.

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. The Group does not offer credit terms without the approval of the head of credit control.

Following are the areas where the Group are exposed to credit risk:

#### (i) Receivables

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from receivables is limited to the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

With a credit policy in place to ensure the credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis, management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are stated at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses aging analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due more than credit terms granted are deemed to have higher credit risk, and are monitored individually.

The ageing analysis of these trade receivables is as follows:-

GROUP 31.3.2013	Gross RM'000	INDIVIDUALLY IMPAIRED RM'000	NET RM'000
Not past due	90,755	-	90,755
Past due 0 - 30 days	42,100	-	42,100
Past due 31 - 60 days	17,040	-	17,040
Past due 61 - 90 days	2,566	-	2,566
Past due 91-120 days	4,162	-	4,162
More than 121 days	10,686	(2,296)	8,390
	167,309	(2,296)	165,013

Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group. None of the Group's trade receivables that would otherwise be past due or impaired whose terms have been renegotiated during the financial year.

The net carrying amount of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximate of fair value. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of each class of receivables mentioned above. Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics.

#### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

#### (a) Credit risk cont'd

#### (ii) Intercompany balances

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amount in the statements of financial position.

The Company provides unsecured advances to subsidiaries and monitors their results regularly. As at the end of the reporting date, there was no indication that the advances to subsidiaries are not recoverable.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet their financial obligations as they fall due to shortage of funds.

In managing its exposures to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, loans and borrowings, the Group and the Company maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

The Group and the Company aim at maintaining a balance of sufficient cash and deposits and flexibility in funding by keeping diverse sources of committed and uncommitted credit facilities from various banks.

Following are the areas where the Group and the Company are exposed to liquidity risk:-

Group 31.3.2013	Carrying AMOUNT RM'000	Contracts CASH FLOWS RM'000	CURRENT LESS THAN1 1 YEAR RM'000	Non-current More than YEAR BUT LESS THAN 5 YEARS RM'000	More than 5 YEARS RM'000
Secured:	HIVI UUU	HIVI UUU	HIVI UUU	HIVI UUU	HIVI UUU
Finance lease liabilities	3,993	4,327	1,503	2,824	_
Bank overdrafts	1,865	1,865	1,865	_,0	_
Bankers' acceptance	186,694	186,694	186,694	_	_
Term loans	3,354	3,354	641	2,713	-
Onshore foreign currency loan	27,712	27,712	27,712	<u> </u>	
	223,618	223,952	218,415	5,537	
Unsecured:					
Trade payables	25,418	25,418	25,418	-	-
Other payables	8,337	8,337	8,337		
	33,755	33,755	33,755		<u>-</u>
<u>Total</u>	257,373	257,707	252,170	5,537	<del>-</del>
				Non-current	
	•	0	CURRENT	More than	
Company	CARRYING AMOUNT	CONTRACTS CASH FLOWS	LESS THAN I	YEAR BUT LESS THAN 5 YEARS	MORE THAN 5 YEARS
31.3.2013	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unsecured:					
Other payables	379	379	379		
Total	379	379	379		<u>-</u>
			0	Non-current	
	CARRYING	CONTRACTS	CURRENT	MORE THAN YEAR BUT LESS	More than 5
Company	AMOUNT	CASH FLOWS	1 YEAR	THAN 5 YEARS	YEARS
31.3.2012	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unsecured: Other payables	1,524	1,524	1,524	_	_
	.,321	.,021	.,021		
Total	1,524	1,524	1,524	-	

#### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

#### (c) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

To mitigate the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk, the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of Group entities. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily US Dollar (USD) and Singapore Dollar (SGD). The Group uses forward exchange contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk when necessary. Most of the forward exchange contracts have maturities of less than one year after the end of the reporting period.

The foreign currency exposure as at reporting date is detailed in respective notes to the financial statements.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's and of the Company's profit for the financial year to a reasonably possible change in the USD and SGD exchange rates against the respective functional currency of the Group and of the Company, with all other variables held constant.

Group	INCREASE/(DECREASE)	
	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR RM'000	EQUITY RM'000
<b>31.3.2013</b> USD/RM		
Strengthened 0.07% Weakened (0.07%)	(16) 16	(16) 16
	10	10
SGD/RM Strengthened 0.17%	(12)	(12)
Weakened (0.17%)	12	12

Exposures to foreign exchange rates vary during the financial year depending on the volume of overseas transactions. Nonetheless, the analysis above is considered to be representative of the Group's and of the Company's exposures to foreign currency risk.

#### (d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate management objective is to manage the interest expenses consistent with maintaining an acceptable level of exposure to interest rate fluctuation. In order to achieve this objective, the Group's targets a mix of fixed and floating debt based on assessment of its existing exposure and desired interest rate profile.

The interest rate profile of the Group's significant interest bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:-

	Group 2013 RM'000
Fixed rate instruments	
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	32,766
Finance lease liabilities	3,993
	36,759
Floating rate instruments	
Bank overdraft	1,865
Bankers' acceptance	186,694
Term loan	3,354
Onshore foreign currency loan	27,712
	219,625

#### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES cont'd

#### (d) Interest rate risk cont'd

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

At 31 March 2013, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit to a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 50 basis points ("BP"). These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at each reporting date that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

	G	ROUP
	Effect on profit	FOR THE YEAR
31 March 2013	+50 <sub>BP</sub> RM'000	-50вр RM'000
Floating rate instruments	(1,098)	1,098

#### (e) Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of short term receivables and payables, cash and cash equivalents and short term borrowing approximate their fair value due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments and insignificant impact of discounting.

#### Fair Value Hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

31.3.2013	Level 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	Total
Group	RM	RM	RM	RM
Available-for-sale financial assets Other investment	4,673	_	_	4,673

#### 36. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Directors monitor and determine to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio and tangible net worth that complies with debt covenants and regulatory requirements.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year. The Company is required to maintain a debt-to-equity ratio not exceeding 2.50 and minimum tangible net worth of RM40 million to comply with the banks covenants, failing which, the bank may call an event of default. The Company has complied with these requirements.

#### 37. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

- (a) On 2 April 2012, the Company subdivided its shares from every 1 existing ordinary shares of RM1.00 each into 2 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each. Consequently, the authorised share capital became RM100,000 comprising 200,000 ordinary share of RM0.50 each and the paid up shares capital of the Company became RM4 comprising 8 ordinary share of RM0.50 each.
- (b) On the same date, the Company increased its authorised share capital to RM200,000,000 comprising 400,000,000 ordinary share of RM0.50 each by the creation of additional 399,800,000 ordinary shares of RM0.50 each.
- (c) On 21 March 2012, Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia") approved the listing application in relation to the admission of the Company to the Bursa Malaysia via the Proposed Restructuring Scheme of NV Multi Corporation Berhad ("NV Multi") which involves the following:-
  - (i) acquisition of entire issued and paid up share capital of Ann Yak Siong Hardware Sdn. Bhd. of 6,810,0000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each for a purchase consideration of RM172,000,000 to be satisfied by:-
    - (a) the issuance of 320,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to shareholders of AYSH; and
    - (b) the issuance of 24,000,000 new ordinary shares of the Company to minority shareholders of CH Yodoform Sdn Bhd ("CHY"), a subsidiary company of AYSH pursuant to the internal restructuring for a purchase consideration which involves the sale and transfer by the minority shareholder of 600,000 CHY shares representing the remaining 30% equity interest in CHY to AYSH. The internal restructuring resulted in CHY became a wholly-owned subsidiary of AYSH.

Item (a) & (b) of the Proposed acquisition above has been completed on 09 April 2012.

- (ii) share exchange of entire issued and paid-up share capital of NV Multi of 115,110,300 ordinary shares of RM0.01 each for 18,417,648 new Company's share at an issue price of RM0.50 each on the basis of 8 new Company's share for every 50 NV Multi ordinary shares of RM0.01 each;
- (iii) transfer of the listing status of NV Multi to the Company;
- (iv) offer for sale up to 42,000,000 new Company's share by Oh Chiew Ho and Tan Chee Kuan to eligible investors via a placement at an issue price of RM0.50 each to comply with the public shareholding spread requirements;
- (v) restricted issue of 18,000,000 new Company's share to eligible investors via a placement at an issue price of RM0.50 each; and
- (vi) offer for sale up to 18,417,648 new Company's share by Oh Chiew Ho and Tan Chee Kuan to eligible investors via a placement at an issue price of RM0.50 each to comply with the public shareholding spread requirements which is completed on 6 June 2012.

Items (ii) to (v) of the Proposed Restructuring Scheme above has been completed on 24 April 2012.

(d) On 7 January 2013, the Company disposed off 100% equity interest in NV Multi for a cash consideration of RM1,275,000.

#### 38. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative information for the Company is for the period from 14 December 2010 to 31 March 2012. Consequently, the comparative figures in the profit or loss, cash flow statements, statement of changes in equity and related notes are not comparable.

There are no comparative figures for the Group as this is the first set of the financial statements being prepared.

#### DISCLOSURE OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS/(LOSSES)

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad has on 25 March 2010 and 20 December 2010, issued directives requiring all listed corporations to disclose the breakdown of unappropriated profits or accumulated losses into realised and unrealised on Group and Company basis, as the case may be, in quarterly reports and annual audited financial statements.

The breakdown of unappropriated profits as at the reporting date that has been prepared by the Directors in accordance with the directives from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad stated above and Guidance on Special Matter No. 1 issued on 20 December 2010 by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants are as follows:-

Group		31.3.2013 RM'000
·		
Total retained earnings of the Group:		
- Realised		144,472
- Unrealised		3,327
Total retained earnings		147,799
	31.3.2013 RM'000	31.3.2012 RM'000
Company		
Total retained earnings of the Company:		
- Realised	192	(26)
- Unrealised	-	(=0)
		()
Total retained earnings	192	(26)

The disclosure of realised and unrealised above is solely for complying with the disclosure requirements stipulated in the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and should not be applied for any other purposes.

# Properties Held by AYS Ventures Berhad and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2013

LOCATION	Tenure	Description	<b>A</b> REA	Existing Use	APPROX. AGE OF BUIDLING (No. OF YEARS)	NET BOOK VALUE AS AT 31-03-2013 (RM'000)	DATE OF ACQUISITION	DATE OF REVALUATION
Lot 6488, Lorong Sungai Puloh, Off 6th Mile Jalan Kapar, 42100 Klang, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land & Building	5.087 acres	Warehouse and Office	16	24,000	1-Oct-09	31-Mar-13
No.7, Lorong Keluli 1A, Kawasan Perindustrian Bukit Raja, 40000 Shah Alam, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land & Building	2.177 acres	Warehouse, Office and Open Storage Yard	18	8,400	30-Nov-90	31-Mar-13
Lot 3845, 7½th Mile, Jalan Kapar, 42200 Klang, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land & Building	1.397 acres	Factory and Office	4	6,800	20-Dec-01	31-Mar-13
Lot 3348, 7½th Mile, Jalan Kapar, 42200 Klang, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land	5.262 acres	Open Storage Yard		11,300	22-Apr-96	31-Mar-13
Lot 3846, 7½th Mile, Jalan Kapar, 42200 Klang, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land & Building	3.559 acres	Factory and Office	12	13,900	13-Oct-92	31-Mar-1
Unit No. B-4-1, Level 4, Block B, BBK Condominium, Persiaran Bukit Raja 1, Bandar Baru Klang, 41150, Selangor	Leasehold (expiring on 09.05.2093)	Condominium	1,000 sq ft	Staff Accommodation	13	150	26-Oct-95	31-Mar-10
Sub-Total (value of propertie	es held as prop	erty, plant and e	quipment)			64,550		
No. 9, Lorong Tiara 1A, Bandar Baru Klang, 41150 Klang, Selangor	Leasehold (expiring on 08.05.2093)	4 Storey Shop Office	1,647 sq ft	Tenanted	15	1,200	15-Feb-94	31-Mar-1
Lot 1232, Off Jalan Bukit Kemuning, Seksyen 35 Mukim Klang, Klang, Selangor	Freehold	Industrial Land	4.438 acres	Vacant		6,500	3-Jan-96	31-Mar-1
GRN 216124/Lot 22147, College Heights Garden Resort, 71700 Mantin, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold	Bungalow Land	8,267 sq ft	Vacant		100	29-Sep-98	31-Mar-1
A5-09P, Level 9, Parkview Tower, Amber Court, 69000 Genting Highlands, Pahang	Freehold	Condominium	646 sq ft	Vacant	17	65	1-Feb-91	31-Mar-1
GRN 198673/Lot 21280 College Heights Garden Resort, 71700 Mantin, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold	Bungalow Land	9,096 sq ft	Vacant		95	20-Feb-98	31-Mar-1
No. 35, Jalan Kembojasari 11, Perumahan Jalan Kembojasari, Bandar Sungai Buaya, 48010 Serendah, Rawang	Leasehold (expiring on 04.01.2095)	Single Storey Terrace House	1,300 sq ft	Vacant	9	90	8-Sep-00	31-Mar-1
Unit No. 10-11, Bangunan Duta Impian (The Embassy Suites), No. 14, Jalan Dato Abdullah Tahir, 80250 Johor Bahru	Freehold	Apartment	1,345 sq ft	Tenanted	7	420	30-Dec-04	31-Mar-1
Unit No C2-11, Block C, Skudaiville (Now Skudaivilla), Taman Skudai Baru, 81300 Skudai, Johor	Freehold	Apartment	1,213 sq ft	Vacant	9	175	14-Jun-02	31-Mar-1

# Properties Held by AYS Ventures Berhad and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2013

LOCATION	Tenure	Description	Area	Existing Use	APPROX. AGE OF BUIDLING (No. OF YEARS)	NET BOOK VALUE AS AT 31-03-2013 (RM'000)	DATE OF ACQUISITION	DATE OF REVALUATION
No. 854, Jalan Idaman 2/15/4, Taman Desa Idaman, 81400 Senai, Johor	Freehold	Single Storey Terrace House	1,442 sq ft	Vacant	10	85	11-Nov-08	31-Mar-13
Unit No. C-3-14, 3rd Floor, Block C, Rumah Pangsa Taman Semarak II, 71800 Nilai, Negeri Sembilan	Freehold	Low-Medium Cost Apartment	721 sq ft	Vacant	15	40	21-Dec-04	31-Mar-13
Unit No. 15-2R, Tingkat 2, Jalan Maju 1/16, Taman Lembah Maju, 68000 Ampang, Selangor	Leasehold (expiring in 04.12.2086)	Apartment	790 sq ft	Tenanted	5	120	21-Feb-00	31-Mar-13
Unit No 27B, Level 2, Block 4, Pusat Perniagaan Worldwide, Jalan Karate 13/47, 40675 Shah Alam, Selangor	Leasehold (expiring in 25.03.2102)	Commercial Shoplot	366 sq ft	Vacant	13	75	17-Apr-03	31-Mar-13
No.29, Jalan LEP 4/21, Section 4, Taman Lestari Putra, 47110 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan	Leasehold (expiring in 12.06.2091)	Double Storey Terrace House	1,540 sq ft	Vacant	11	300	7-Jun-12	31-Mar-13
Unit No. D-05-24, Level 5, Block D, Kompleks Suria Kinrara, Persiaran Kinrara Seksyen 3, Taman Kinrara Seksyen 3, 47100 Puchong, Selangor Darul Ehsan	Leasehold (expiring in 24.06.2101)	Service Apartment	712 sq ft	Vacant	4	150	7-Jun-12	31-Mar-13
Sub-total (value of propertie	s held as inves	tment properties	)			9,415		
Total (value of properties he	otal (value of properties held as property, plant and equipment, and investment properties)					73.965		

# Statistical Report as at 10 May 2013

#### **ANALYSIS BY SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Authorised share capital : RM200,000,000.00 Issued and paid-up share capital : RM190,208,828.00

Class of shares : Ordinary shares of RM0.50 each Voting rights : One vote per ordinary share held

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	% OF Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Issued and Paid-Up Share Capital
Less than 100	232	10.17	12,365	0.00
100 – 1,000	1,081	47.37	425,806	0.11
1,001 – 10,000	475	20.82	2,163,635	0.57
10,001 – 100,000	386	16.91	14,515,086	3.82
100,001 – less than 5% of issued shares	106	4.64	98,593,404	25.92
5% and above of issued shares	2	0.09	264,707,360	69.58
Total	2,282	100.00	380,417,656	100.00

#### LIST OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 10 MAY 2013

	DIRECT No. OF SHARES	%	INDIRECT No. OF SHARES	%
Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Haji Yusof	-	-	-	-
Oh Chiew Ho	-	-	264,707,360*	69.58
Oh Yung Sim	-	-	-	-
Chang Chee Seng	-	-	-	-
Tay Kim Chuan	-	-	-	-
Oh Pooi Foon	-	-	-	-
Seow Nyoke Yoong	-	-	-	-
Mohamad Fazlin bin Mohamad	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Deemed interest by virtue of his substantial shareholdings in substantial shareholders under Section 6A of the Companies Act, 1965.

#### SHARES IN RELATED CORPORATION AS AT 10 MAY 2013

There is no change to the interest of Directors in related companies as disclosed in the Directors' Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2013 on page 23 of this Annual Report.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 10 MAY 2013

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS	DIRECT No. OF SHARES	%	Indirect No. of Shares	%
Oh Chiew Ho			264,707,360*	69.58
Chiew Ho Holding Sdn Bhd (CHH)	239,663,123	63.00		
Ann Yak Siong Group Sdn Bhd (AYSG)	25,044,237	6.58		

<sup>\*</sup> Deemed interest by virtue of his substantial shareholdings in CHH and AYSG under Section 6A of the Act.

# Statistical Report as at 10 May 2013

No.	Name of Shareholders	No of Shares	% of Issued and Paid- Up Share Capital
1.	Chiew Ho Holding Sdn. Bhd.	239,663,123	63.00
2.	Ann Yak Siong Group Sdn. Bhd.	25,044,237	6.58
3.	Tan Chee Kuan	16,075,000	4.23
4.	Anugaris Sdn Bhd	13,660,092	3.59
5.	Au Cheen Hoe	7,000,000	1.84
6.	Lee Ching Kion	5,000,000	1.31
7.	Lim Aik Hoe	4,220,653	1.11
8.	Toh Tuan Sun	3,288,000	0.86
9.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ong Siew Eng @ Ong Chai (8040800)	3,239,000	0.85
10.	Tan Chee Kuan	2,800,000	0.74
11.	Tay Buan Tong	2,780,000	0.73
12.	Sin Cheak Seng Pottery Sdn. Bhd	2,400,000	0.63
13.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An for Credit Suisse (SG BR-TST-Asing)	2,220,000	0.58
14.	Teoh Teik Soon	1,732,300	0.46
15.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chia Yu San (8087261)	1,608,400	0.42
16.	Wong Yoon Seng	1,394,000	0.37
17.	Meridian Location Sdn Bhd	1,344,000	0.35
18.	HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Lim Aik Hoe	1,080,800	0.28
19.	Chong Feng Tak @ Chong Wee Khean	950,000	0.25
20.	Tang Chee Fook	800,000	0.21
21.	Cheng Gen Min	748,900	0.20
22.	HSBC Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Exempt An for Coutts & Co Ltd (Sg Branch)	619,200	0.16
23.	Lim Seng Chee	617,000	0.16
24.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Rich Interest Sdn Bhd	615,360	0.16
25.	JF Apex Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ooi Siew Looi (STA 2)	583,500	0.15
26.	AMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ong Mei Leng	570,300	0.15
27.	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Ng See Soon	565,480	0.15
28.	Tang Dee Hua	558,000	0.15
29.	See Siew Chiet	547,000	0.14
30.	Koo Pei Suan	534,000	0.14

## **Proxy Form**



£			
of CAVOVENTUREO REPUAR II.			
peing a member/members of AYS VENTURES BERHAD hereby appoint			
of			
or failing whom			
of			
or *the Chairman of the Meeting as *my/*our proxy to vote for *me/*us and on *my/*our behalted by the Company to be held on Friday, 28 June 2013 at 9.30 a.m. and at any adjournment the My/*Our proxy(ies) is/are to vote as indicated below:-		d Annual Ge	neral Meetino
,	D 111		
De clastica of Tou Vine Obusin as Director	Resolution	For	Against
Re-election of Tay Kim Chuan as Director	1		
Re-election of Oh Pooi Foon as Director	2		
Re-election of Oh Chiew Ho as Director	3		
Re-election of Oh Yung Sim as Director	4		
Re-appointment of Haji Mohd Sharif Bin Hj Yusof as Director	5		
Approval of payment of Directors' fees	6		
Re-appointment of Messrs. SJ Grant Thornton as Auditors	7		
Approval of the proposed Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965	8		
Approval of the proposed Authority for the Company to purchase its own shares of up to 10% of the Issued and Paid-Up Share Capital	9		
Please indicate with (X) how you wish your vote to be casted. If no specific direction as to voting is giv	en, the proxy will v	rote or abstair	at his discreti
Dated thisday of	NUMBER	R OF SHARE	ES HELD

#### NOTES:-

- 1. A member of the company who is entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy or in the case of a corporation a duly authorised representative to attend and to vote in his stead.
- 2. A proxy need not be a Member of the Company and Section 149(1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply.
- 3. A member may appoint more than 2 proxies to attend and the proxies shall not be valid unless the member specifies the proportion of his securities holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 4. The instrument appointing proxy shall be in writing under the hands of the appointed or of his attorney duly authorized in writing or, if such be executed appointed is a corporation under its common seal or the hand of its attorney.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be left at the Share Registrar's office at Level 17, The Gardens North Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur at least 48 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting.
- 6. Depositors who appear in the Record of Depositors as at 21 June 2013 shall be regarded as Member of the Company entitled to attend the Second Annual General Meeting or appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his behalf.

fold here

AFFIX STAMP

### AYS VENTURES BERHAD (925171-T)

c/o Tricor Investor Services Sdn Bhd Level 17, The Garden North Tower Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

fold here